



Ceenik Exports (India) Ltd.

Manufacturers & Exporters of Fashion Garments

Registered Office : D-396/2, TTC Industrial Area, Turbhe MIDC, Jui Nagar, Navi Mumbai - 400705.

CIN : L51311MH1995PLC085007 • Website : www.ceenik.in

27th Annual Report

Board of Directors:

Mr. Narain Hingorani (Chairman, Managing Director)
Mrs. Roopa H Teckchandani
Mrs. Kavita N. Hingorani
Mr. Anshul Kukreja

Bankers

1) Karnataka Bank Ltd, Bandra (W) Branch-400050
2) ICICI Bank Ltd, Bandra (W) Branch-400050

AUDITORS

M/S J.S. UBEROI & CO,
Chartered Accountant
2, Satpratap, Bejombagh, Kamptee Road,
Nagpur-440004

Registrar and Transfer Agent

Universal Capital Securities Pvt Ltd
C-101, 247 PARK, 1st Floor,
L.B.S. Marg, Vikroli (West)
Mumbai-400083

Registered Office Address:

D-396/2 TTC Industrial Area, Turbhe MIDC,
Jui Nagar, Navi Mumbai-400705
CIN: L51311MH1995PLC085007
WEB: www.ceenikexports.in
EMAIL: ceenikexports@gmail.com

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NOTICE TO MEMBER

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE TWENTY SEVENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE MEMBERS OF CEENIK EXPORTS (INDIA) LIMITED WILL BE HELD ON THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 30TH, 2021 AT 02.00 P.M. THROUGH VIDEO CONFERENCING ('VC'), TO TRANSACT THE FOLLOWING BUSINESS:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- 1) To receive, consider and adopt the standalone audited financial statements including statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the statement of cash flows and the statement of changes in equity for the financial year ended 31st March, 2021, the balance sheet as at that date, the reports of the Board of Directors and the auditors thereon.
- 2) To appoint a director in place of Mrs. Kavita N. Hingorani, who retires by rotation and being eligible offers herself for reappointment.

**By the order of the Board
For Ceenik Exports (India) Limited**

s/d
Mayank Agrawal
Company Secretary
Place: Navi Mumbai
Date: 03.09.2020

NOTES:

1. In view of the massive outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, social distancing is a norm to be followed and pursuant to the Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, Circular No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs followed by Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020 and Circular No. 02/2021 dated January 13, 2021 and all other relevant circulars issued from time to time, physical attendance of the Members to the EGM/AGM venue is not required and general meeting be held through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM). Hence, Members can attend and participate in the ensuing EGM/AGM through VC/OAVM.
2. Pursuant to the Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this EGM/AGM. However, the Body Corporates are entitled to appoint authorised representatives to attend the EGM/AGM through VC/OAVM and participate there at and cast their votes through e-voting.
3. The Members can join the EGM/AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the EGM/AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available for 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the EGM/AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
4. The attendance of the Members attending the EGM/AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
5. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and the Circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 05, 2020 the Company is providing facility of remote e-Voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the EGM/AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-Voting system as well as venue voting on the date of the EGM/AGM will be provided by NSDL.
6. In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the Notice calling the EGM/AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.ceenikexports.in. The Notice can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com respectively and the EGM/AGM Notice is also available on

- the website of NSDL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility) i.e. www.evoting.nsdl.com.
7. EGM/AGM has been convened through VC/OAVM in compliance with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, MCA Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 2/2021 dated January 13, 2021.
 8. As required under Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, profile of Directors seeking appointment/re-appointment at the Annual General Meeting, forms part of the notice.
 9. The Register of Members and the Share Transfer Books will remain closed from 27.09.2021 to 30.09.2021 (both days inclusive).
 10. Pursuant to Section 124 of the Companies Act, 2013 all unclaimed/unpaid dividend over a period of 7 years have been transferred by the Company to the Investors Education & Protection Fund constituted by the Central Government and there is no outstanding unclaimed/unpaid dividend amount.
 11. Members desiring any information as regards accounts or operations of the Company are requested to send their queries in writing at least seven days in advance of the date of the meeting so as to enable the management to keep the information ready.
 12. The members, who hold shares in electronic form are requested to write their client ID and DP ID and those who hold shares in physical form, are requested to write their Folio number in the attendance slip for attending the meeting.
 13. Corporate member, intending to send their authorized representatives to attend the meeting, are requested to send a duly certified copy of the Board resolution, authorizing their representatives to attend and vote at the meeting.
 14. The shareholders, who still hold share certificates in physical form, are advised to dematerialize their shareholding to avail the benefits of dematerialization, which includes easy liquidity since the trading is permitted in dematerialized form only, electronic transfer, savings in stamp duty and elimination of possibility of loss of documents and bad deliveries.
 15. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has mandated the submission of permanent account number (PAN) by every participant in securities market. Members holding shares in electronic form are, therefore, requested to submit the PAN to their depository participants with whom they are maintaining their demat accounts. Members holding shares in physical form can submit their PAN details to the Company/Share Transfer Agents.
 16. Electronic copy of the Annual Report for the financial year 2020-21 is being sent to all the members, whose e-mail IDs are registered with the Company/depository participants for communication purposes unless any member has requested for a hard copy of the same. Rules 18(3)(i) of the Companies (Management & Administration) Rules, 2014 requires a company to provide advance opportunity at least once in a financial year to the member to register his e-mail address and any change therein. In compliance with the same, we request the members, who do not have their e-mail ID registered with the Company, to get the same

registered with the Company. Members are also requested to intimate to the Company the changes if any, in their e-mail address.

17. In compliance with the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Rule 20 of the Companies (Management & Administration) Rules, 2014, the members are informed that the Company is pleased to offer e-voting facilities as an alternative mode to voting at the meeting. Necessary arrangements have been made by the Company with the National Securities Depository Ltd. (NSDL) to facilitate e-voting.
18. In case of any queries regarding the Annual Report, the Members may write to ceenikexports@gmail.com to receive an email response.
19. As the 27th AGM is being held through VC, the route map is not annexed to this Notice.
20. Voting Options: **THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING AND JOINING GENERAL MEETING ARE AS UNDER: -**

The remote e-voting period begins on Monday, 27th September, 2021 at 09:00 A.M. and ends on Wednesday, 29th September, 2021 at 05:00 P.M. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. The Members, whose names appear in the Register of Members / Beneficial Owners as on the record date (cut-off date) i.e. Thursday, 23rd September, 2021 may cast their vote electronically. The voting right of shareholders shall be in proportion to their share in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date, being Thursday, 23rd September, 2021.

How do I vote electronically using NSDL e-Voting system?

The way to vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system consists of “Two Steps” which are mentioned below:

Step 1: Access to NSDL e-Voting system.

A) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode

In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

I. Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL.

- i. Existing **IDeAS** user can visit the e-Services website of NSDL Viz. <https://eservices.nsdl.com> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. On the e-Services home page click on the “Beneficial Owner” icon under “Login” which is available under ‘IDeAS’ section, this will prompt you to enter your existing User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services under Value added services. Click on “Access to e-Voting” under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or **e-Voting**

service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be re-directed to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

- ii. If you are not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at <https://eservices.nsdl.com>. Select “Register Online for IDeAS Portal” or click at <https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp>
- iii. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon “Login” which is available under ‘Shareholder/Member’ section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or **e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL** and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
- iv. Shareholders/Members can also download NSDL Mobile App “NSDL Speede” facility

by scanning the QR code mentioned below for seamless voting experience.

NSDL Mobile App is available on



II. Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL.

- i. Existing users who have opted for Easi / Easiest, they can login through their user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest are <https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login> or www.cdslindia.com and click on New System Myeasi.
- ii. After successful login of Easi/Easiest the user will be also able to see the E Voting Menu. The Menu will have links of **e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL**. Click on **NSDL** to cast your vote.
- iii. If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at <https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration>
- iv. Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing demat Account Number and PAN No. from a link in www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will

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authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be provided links for the respective ESP i.e. NSDL where the e-Voting is in progress.

III. Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their depository participants

You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. upon logging in, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

B) Login Method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for shareholders other than Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode and shareholders holding securities in physical mode.

How to Log-in to NSDL e-Voting website?

- i. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the

following URL:
<https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile.

- ii. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon “Login” which is available under ‘Shareholder/Member’ section.
- iii. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID, your Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen.

Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL eservices i.e. IDEAS, you can log-in at <https://eservices.nsdl.com/> with your existing IDEAS login. Once you log-in to NSDL eservices after using your log-in credentials, click on e-Voting and you can proceed to Step 2 i.e. Cast your vote electronically.

- iv. Your User ID details are given below:
 - a) For Members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.

- 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID

[For example if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is 12***** then your user ID is IN300***12*****].

- b) For Members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL.

- 16 Digit Beneficiary ID

For example if your Beneficiary ID is 12***** then your user ID is 12*****)

- c) For Members holding shares in Physical Form.
- EVEN Number followed by Folio Number registered with the company
[For example if folio number is 001*** and EVEN is 101456 then user ID is 101456001***]
- v. Your password details are given below:
- a. If you are already registered for e-Voting, then you can use your existing password to login and cast your vote.
 - b. If you are using NSDL e-Voting system for the first time, you will need to retrieve the 'initial password' which was communicated to you. Once you retrieve your 'initial password', you need to enter the 'initial password' and the system will force you to change your password.
 - c. How to retrieve your 'initial password'?
 - i. If your email ID is registered in your demat account or with the company, your 'initial password' is communicated to you on your email ID. Trace the email sent to you from NSDL from your mailbox. Open the email and open the attachment i.e. a .pdf file. Open the .pdf file. The password to open the .pdf file is your 8 digit client ID for NSDL account, last 8 digits of client ID for CDSL account or folio number for shares held in physical form. The .pdf file contains your 'User ID' and your 'initial password'
 - ii. If your email ID is not registered, please follow steps mentioned below in process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered
- vi. If you are unable to retrieve or have not received the "Initial password" or have forgotten your password:
- a) Click on "[Forgot User Details/Password?](#)" (If you are holding shares in your demat account with NSDL or CDSL) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
 - b) [Physical User Reset Password?](#)" (If you are holding shares in physical mode) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
 - c) If you are still unable to get the password by aforesaid two options, you can send a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in mentioning your demat account number/folio number, your PAN, your name and your registered address.
 - d) Members can also use the OTP (One Time Password) based login for casting the votes on the e-Voting system of NSDL.\
- vii. After entering your password, tick on Agree to "Terms and Conditions" by selecting on the check box.
- viii. Now, you will have to click on "Login" button

- ix. After you click on the “Login” button, Home page of e-Voting will open

Step 2: Cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system.

How to cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system?

1. which you are holding shares and whose voting cycle and General Meeting is in active status.
2. Select “EVEN” of company for which you wish to cast your vote during the remote e-Voting period and casting your vote during the General Meeting. For joining virtual meeting, you need to click on “VC/OAVM” link placed under “Join General Meeting”.
3. Now you are ready for e-Voting as the Voting page opens.
4. Cast your vote by selecting appropriate options i.e. assent or dissent, verify/modify the number of shares for which you wish to cast your vote and click on “Submit” and also “Confirm” when prompted.
5. Upon confirmation, the message “Vote cast successfully” will be displayed.
6. You can also take the printout of the votes cast by you by clicking on the print option on the confirmation page.
7. Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

General Guidelines for shareholders:

1. Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer by e-mail to abhishek.soni23@gmail.com with a copy marked to evoting@nsdl.co.in
2. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the “[Forgot User Details/Password?](#)” or “[Physical User Reset Password?](#)” option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.
3. In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Shareholders and e-voting user manual for Shareholders available at the download section of www.evoting.nsdl.com or call on toll free no.: 1800-222-990 or send a request to (Name of NSDL Official) at evoting@nsdl.co.in

Process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered with the depositories for procuring user id and password and registration of e mail ids for e-voting for the resolutions set out in this notice:

In case shares are held in physical mode please provide Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share

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certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to ceenikexports@gmail.com.

In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DPID-CLID (16-digit DPID + CLID or 16-digit beneficiary ID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to ceenikexports@gmail.com. If you are an Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode, you are requested to refer to the login method explained at **step 1 (A)** i.e. **Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode.**

Alternatively, shareholder/members may send a request to evoting@nsdl.co.in for procuring user id and password for e-voting by providing above mentioned documents.

In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are required to update their mobile number and email ID correctly in their demat account in order to access e-Voting facility.

THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR e-VOTING ON THE DAY OF THE EGM/AGM ARE AS UNDER:

1. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.
2. Only those Members/ shareholders, who will be present in the AGM

through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system in the AGM.

3. Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
4. The details of the person who may be contacted for any grievances connected with the facility for e-Voting on the day of the AGM shall be the same person mentioned for Remote e-voting

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

1. Member will be provided with a facility to attend the EGM/AGM through VC/OAVM through the NSDL e-Voting system. Members may access by following the steps mentioned above for **Access to NSDL e-Voting system**. After successful login, you can see link of "VC/OAVM link" placed under **"Join General meeting"** menu against company name. You are requested to click on VC/OAVM link placed under Join General Meeting menu. The link for VC/OAVM will be available in Shareholder/Member login where the EVEN of Company will be displayed. Please note that the members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-Voting or have forgotten the User ID and Password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-Voting instructions mentioned in the notice to avoid last minute rush.
2. Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops for better experience.

3. Further Members will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
 4. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
 5. Shareholders who would like to express their views/have questions may send their questions in advance mentioning their name demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at ceenikexports@gmail.com. The same will be replied by the company suitably.
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Annexure-A

Details of Directors seeking appointment/re-appointment at the 27th Annual General Meeting to be held on September 30, 2021

[Pursuant to Regulation 36(3) and 26(4) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015]

Name of the Director	Mrs. Kavita Hingorani
Director Identification Number	00275442
Date of Birth	24.01.1967
Age	53 years
Date of Appointment	14.03.2015
Qualification	B.A.
Relationship with Director/Manager/KMP	Wife of Managing Director
Brief Profile	Has about 21 years' experience of running garment and property business.
Directorship held in other Companies (excluding Section 25 And foreign Companies)	Niktin Properties Estates Pvt. Ltd. Viking Advanced Technologies Pvt. Ltd.
Memberships/Chairmanship of committees of other companies (includes only Audit & Shareholders/ Investors Grievance/ Stakeholders Relationship Committee)	Nil
Shareholding in the Company (Equity)	10,50,000 Equity Shares

**By the order of the Board
For Ceenik Exports (India) Limited**

**Place: Navi Mumbai
Date: 03.09.2021**

**s/d
Mayank Agrawal
Company Secretary**

Board's Report

On behalf of the Board of Directors (the "Board") of the Company, it gives me immense pleasure to present the 27th board's

Report, along with the Balance Sheet, Profit and Loss account and Cash Flow statements, for the financial year ended March 31, 2021.

Financial Performance

Key highlights of financial performance of your Company for the financial year 2020-21 are provided below:

	Current Year	Previous Year
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Profit/(Loss) before Interest & Depreciation	99,52,853	1,24,43,204
Finance Cost	1,46,95,576	1,77,83,986
Profit/(Loss) before Depreciation	(47,42,723)	(53,40,783)
Depreciation	18,46,672	21,01,508
Profit/(Loss) before Tax	(65,89,395)	(74,42,291)
Tax Expenses:		
Current tax	0	0
Deferred Tax Asset	4,26,503	0
Profit / (Loss) after Tax	(61,62,892)	(74,42,291)

Dividend:

Due to loss, your directors have not recommended any dividend.

Directors' Responsibility Statement:

Pursuant to Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board of Directors, to the best of their knowledge, confirms that:

a) in the preparation of the accounts the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanations relating to material departure;

b) appropriate accounting policies have been selected and applied consistently and have made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the loss of the Company for that period;

c) proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;

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- d) the annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis;
- e) they have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively;
- f) they have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To avoid repetition in Directors' Report and Management Discussion & Analysis, your directors have presented a composite summary of performance and functions of the Company.

Economy:

As per the provisional estimates of Central Statistics Office (CSO), the Indian Economy is estimated to grow at a decent pace. Despite marginal slow down over the last year, India has cemented its credentials as the world's fastest expanding major economy in the world. Going forward, the economy is expected to display a better performance, considering the pick-up in consumption and private investments. Besides, a high inflation expectation for financial year 2020-21 has created further room for monetary easing by the RBI, which is expected to support the growth momentum.

The recent elections have led to formation of a stable government at the Centre. The government is expected to carry forward the reforms agenda. It will continue to focus on building infrastructure. Higher spending on roads, railways, airports, waterways and affordable housing will boost the economy and provide economic opportunities for

citizens to grow and improve their income levels. While global economy is likely to remain muted on the back of the ongoing trade dispute between US and China, the domestic economy should benefit from the government's investment momentum. In addition, the government's boost to rural India in the form of direct benefit transfer will give an impetus to consumption.

Industry Structure and development:

Garment and apparel industry is susceptible to fast changing trends and styles. It is a labour-intensive industry and requires skilled and unskilled labour in large numbers. Further, the industry is pre-dominated by unorganized sector, leading to a cut throat competition in certain segment of the industry from unorganized sector. Internationally also the industry is facing tough competition from countries like Bangladesh and Vietnam where labour is very cheap.

As stated in the previous year's report, due to unabated cut throat competition from unorganized sector and international market, leading to un-remunerative pricing, your Company was compelled to suspended the garment manufacturing business. The garment manufacturing remained suspended in the financial year 2020-21 also. Efforts were made to clear the stocks of garments and fabrics in the last financial year was processing division was also disposed-off in the financial year.

The Company's other business activities viz. property leasing and hostel business has done well compared to previous year. Though the property market in general was sluggish through-out the year under review, property leasing business had shown some sign of improvement.

Performance of the Company:

As reported in the previous year, manufacturing garments was suspended and processing division was disposed-off. The Company didn't have any operation revenue in the Financial Year. However, the Company earned 195.67 Lacs through its other business activities viz. property leasing and hostel business. Total revenue was limited to revenue from other business activity and decreased to Rs. 195.67 lacs as against Rs. 508.12 lacs a year ago. The Company incurred a loss of Rs. 65.89 lacs as against a loss of Rs. 74.42 lacs in the previous year.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENT

There were no operations in the company material change and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company between the end of the financial year and the date of this report.

Opportunity and threats:

The Company is totally out of the garment and apparel manufacturing activity and processing division, a loss-making division. The Company will now be concentrating on its leasing of property business and hotel business, which will improve its profitability.

Future Outlook:

Followed by high prices of premises, the rentals are constantly increasing. With more premises of the Company coming under lease, the rental income of the Company is expected to increase substantially. Hostel business is also expected to show healthy growth. With expenses under control, your Directors expects to earn modest profit in coming years.

Subsidiary Companies:

Your Company does not have any subsidiary.

Consolidated Financial Statements:

Since the Company does not have any subsidiary company or associate or joint venture, consolidated financial statements are not prepared.

Corporate Governance:

Provisions of para C, D and E of Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015 are not applicable to your Company. Hence, report on Corporate Governance is not annexed.

Loans, Guarantees and investments:

The Company has not given any loan or guarantee nor has provided any security. The Company has made investments in shares and commercial properties details of which are provided in the financial statements.

Public Deposits:

Your Company has not accepted any deposit from the public, its shareholders or employees during the year under review.

Conservation of Energy etc.:

Information pertaining to conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo as required under the provisions of Section 134 (3) (m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read the rules made there under, are as under, is annexed as Annexure I.

Transactions with related parties:

All the transactions with related parties entered into during the financial year 2020-

2021 were on arm's length basis and also in the ordinary course of business. Details of all related party transactions are placed before the audit committee. The policy on related party transactions as approved by the Board of Directors is placed on the Company's website.

Since all the transactions with the related parties entered into by the Company were in ordinary course of business and were on arm's length basis, Form AOC-2 is not applicable.

Directors and key managerial personnel:

During the year under review, there was no change in constitution of the Board of Directors of your Company. However, the members in the 26th AGM of the company held on 30th December 2020 passed the resolution for regularisation under the provisions of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 to appoint Mr. Anshul Darshan Kukreja as an Independent Director of the Company to hold office for a consecutive term of five years commencing from 28th November, 2019.

To comply with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 and Articles of Association of the Company, Mrs. Kavita N. Hingorani shall retire by rotation at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. Being eligible, she has offered herself for re-appointment.

During the year under review, none of the non-executive directors had any pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company. Mr. Narain Hingorani, Managing Director of the Company is Chief Executive Officer.

Disclosure by Independent Directors:

All the Independent Directors have furnished declarations that they meet the criteria of independence as laid down under Section 149 (6) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Audit Committee:

The Committee presently comprises of Mrs. Roopa Teckchandani, Mr. Anshul Darshan Kukreja both Independent Directors and Mrs. Kavita Hingorani. All the members of the Committee are having financial and accounting knowledge. The Committee met 4 times during the financial year 2020-2021.

Nomination & Remuneration Committee:

The said committee presently comprises of Mr. Anshul Darshan Kukreja, Mrs. Roopa Teckchandani and Mrs. Kavita Hingorani. The Committee met twice during the year.

The Nomination and Remuneration Policy recommended by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee is duly approved and adopted by the Board of Directors. The said policy is annexed to the report as Annexure II.

Stakeholder Relationship Committee:

The Stakeholders' Relationship Committee consists of two members viz. Mr. Narain Hingorani and Mr. Anshul Darshan Kukreja to look into redressal of Shareholders and investors grievances with respect to transfer of Shares, dematerialization of shares, non-receipt of declared dividend or Annual report etc. and other matters relating to shareholder relationship. The committee met four times during the year. During the year ended on March 31, 2021 the Company did not receive any complaint from any of its members.

Board Meetings:

9 (Nine) meetings of the Board were held during the year under review. One meeting of the Independent Directors was held during the year.

Board evaluation:

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Board of Directors had done the annual evaluation of its own performance, its committees and individual directors. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee reviewed the performance of the individual directors on the basis of criteria such as the contribution of the individual director to the Board and committee meetings.

In a separate meeting of independent directors, performance of non-independent directors, performance of the Board as a whole was evaluated, taking into account the views of the management and non-executive directors.

Policy on appointment of directors and remuneration as provided in Section 178(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 has been dealt with in the corporate governance report, which forms part of the Directors' Report.

CSR Committee:

The Company does not fulfil any of the three criteria specified in Section 135(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and as such is not required to comply with the provisions of Section 135 and the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014.

Internal Control System:

Adequate internal control systems are in place to maintain quality of product, proper accounting as per norms and standards

prescribed, asset maintenance and its proper use. The Company has an independent internal auditor, who periodically reviews the accounts and reports to the Audit Committee.

Risk Management:

The Company has Risk Management Committee. This committee is responsible for reviewing the risk management plan and its effectiveness. The audit committee also reviews the financial risk and its control. The management also continuously access the risk involved in the business and all out efforts are made to mitigate the risk with appropriate action. All the assets of the Company are adequately covered by comprehensive insurance.

Employees:

Relations between the management and employees remained cordial through-out the year. The Company had a total 4 permanent employees as on 31st March, 2021.

The particulars of employees required under Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 are appended to this report as **Annexure III** and forms part of this report.

Information required under Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 (2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Management Personnel) Rule, 2014, and forming part of Directors' Report for the year ended 31st March, 2021 is given in a separate annexure to this report. The said annexure is not being sent along with this report to the members of the Company in line with the provisions of Section 136 of the Companies Act, 2013. Members, who are interested in obtaining these particulars, may write to the Company Secretary at the Registered Office of the Company. The aforesaid annexure is also available for inspection by the members at

the registered office of the Company, 21 days before the 27th annual general meeting and up to the date of the said annual general meeting during normal business hours on working days.

Auditors:

According to Directors, there is no adverse remark made by Statutory Auditors in their report. Notes to the accounts are self-explanatory to comments/observation made by the auditors in their report. Hence, no separate explanation is given.

At the 25th AGM held on 20th August 2019 M/s. J. S. Uberoi & Co., Chartered Accountants (Registration No. 111107W), was appointed as Statutory Auditors of the company for a term of 5 Years from the Financial Year 2019-20 onwards. Accordingly, J. S. Uberoi & Co., Chartered Accountants will continue as statutory auditors of the Company till the financial year 2023-24.

Pursuant to provisions of the Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, neither the Statutory Auditors nor the Secretarial Auditor has reported any incident of fraud to the Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee during the year under review.

Secretarial Audit Report:

During the year Secretarial audit was carried out by Mr. Abhishek Soni, Practising Company Secretary, for the financial year 2020-2021. The report on Secretarial Audit is appended as Annexure IV to this report. According to Board of Directors, report does not have any adverse remarks.

Details of Significant and Material Orders passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals:

No such order was passed by any of the authorities, which impacts the going concern status and company's operations in future.

REPORTING OF FRAUD:

During the year, no fraud whether actual, suspected or alleged was reported to the Board of Directors

ANNUAL RETURN:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 92(3) and Section 134 (3)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013 a copy of the Annual Return of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2021 is placed on the website of the Company at www.ceenik.in.

Vigil Mechanism:

The Company has a vigil mechanism policy to deal with instances of fraud and mismanagement. The whistle blower policy adopted by the Board of Directors is hosted on the website of the Company.

Prevention of Sexual Harassment at Workplace:

In compliance with the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 your Company has duly constituted an internal complaint committee. The Committee has formulated policy to ensure protection to its female employees.

Cautionary Statement:

Statements in the Annual Report, particularly those which relate to Management Discussion and Analysis may constitute forward looking statements within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations. Although the expectations are based on the reasonable assumption, the actual results might differ.

Acknowledgement:

The Directors wish to place on record their deep sense of appreciation to the Company's Bankers and all the staff members for their unstinted support. Your directors also wish to thank the shareholders for confidence reposed in the management of the Company.

**By the order of the Board
For Ceenik Exports (India) Limited**

s/d
(N. N. Hingorani)
Place: Mumbai
Date: 03.09.2021 Chairman & Managing Director
DIN: 00275453

Annexure-I

Information as required to be given under Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

[A] CONSERVATION OF ENERGY:

- Steps taken and impact on conservation of energy: Regular inspection and maintenance of all machinery and electric installations has resulted in minimum wastage of energy.
- Steps taken by the Company for utilizing alternate sources of energy: None
- Capital investment on energy conservation equipment: None

[B] TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION:

- Efforts made towards technology absorption: There is no imported technologies
- Benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution: Not Applicable
- Information regarding technology imported during the last three years: No Technology is imported
- Expenditure incurred on Research and Development:

	Rs.
	2020-21
Capital	NIL
Recurring	NIL
Total:	NIL
Total R&D expenditure as a percentage of total turnover	N.A.

[C] FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

	Rs.
	2020-21
Foreign Exchange earned	NIL
Foreign Exchange saved/deemed exports	NIL
Total	NIL
Foreign Exchange used	NIL

**By the order of the Board
For Ceenik Exports (India) Limited**

Place: Mumbai
Date: 03.09.2021

s/d
(N. N. Hingorani)
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN: 00275453

Annexure-II

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION POLICY

1. OBJECTIVE

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee and this Policy shall be in compliance with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant rules thereto and Clause 49 of the Listing Agreement. The Key Objectives of the Committee are:

- To guide the Board in relation to appointment and removal of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management.
- To evaluate the performance of the members of the Board and provide necessary report to the Board for further evaluation by the Board.
- To recommend the Board on remuneration payable to the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management.
- To retain, motivate and promote talent and to ensure long term sustainability of talented managerial persons and create competitive advantage.
- To devise a policy on Board diversity.
- To develop a succession plan for the Board and to regularly review the plan.

2. DEFINITIONS

a) Act means the Companies Act, 2013 as amended from time to time and the Rules made thereunder.

b) Board means Board of Directors of the Company.

c) Directors mean Directors of the Company.

d) Key Managerial Personnel means –
(i) Chief Executive Officer or the Managing Director or Whole-time Director;

(ii) Chief Financial Officer;

(iii) Company Secretary; and

(iv) such other officer as may be prescribed.

e) Senior Management means personnel of the company who are members of its core management team excluding the Board of Directors but including Functional Heads.

3. ROLE OF COMMITTEE

3.1 Matters to be dealt with, perused and recommended to the Board by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee –

3.1.1 Formulate the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director.

3.1.2 Identify persons who are qualified to become Director and persons, who may be appointed in Key Managerial and Senior Management positions in accordance with the criteria laid down in this policy.

3.1.3 Recommend to the Board, appointment and removal of Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel.

3.2 Policy for appointment and removal of Director, KMP and Senior Management

–

3.2.1 Appointment criteria and qualifications:

- a) The Committee shall identify and ascertain the integrity, qualification, expertise and experience of the person for appointment as Director, KMP or at Senior Management level and recommend to the Board his / her appointment.
- b) A person should possess adequate qualification, expertise and experience for the position he / she is considered for appointment. The Committee has discretion to decide whether qualification, expertise and experience possessed by a person is sufficient / satisfactory for the concerned position.
- c) The Company shall not appoint or continue the employment of any person as Whole-time Director or Managing Director, if the person is incapacitated in any way.

3.2.2 Term / Tenure

- a) Managing Director/ Whole-time Director: The Company shall appoint or re-appoint any person as its Executive Chairman, Managing Director or Whole-time Director and designate them for a term not exceeding five years at a time. No re-appointment shall be made earlier

than one year before the expiry of term.

b) Independent Director:

- An Independent Director shall hold office for a term up to five consecutive years on the Board of the Company and will be eligible for re-appointment on passing of a special resolution by the Company and disclosure of such appointment in the Board's Report.
- No Independent Director shall hold office for more than two consecutive terms, but such Independent Director shall be eligible for appointment after expiry of three years of ceasing to become an Independent Director;

Provided that an Independent Director shall not, during the said period of three years, be appointed in or be associated with the Company in any other capacity, either directly or indirectly. However, if a person who has already served as an Independent Director for 5 years or more in the Company as on October 1, 2014 or such other date as may be determined by the Committee as per regulatory requirement; he/ she shall be eligible for appointment for one more term of 5 years only.

- At the time of appointment of Independent director it should be ensured that number of Boards on which such Independent Director serves is restricted to seven listed companies as an Independent Director and three listed companies as an Independent Director in case such person is serving as a Whole-time Director of a listed company or such

other number as may be prescribed under the Act.

3.2.3 Evaluation

The Committee shall carry out evaluation of performance of every Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel at regular interval (yearly).

3.2.4 Removal

Due to reasons for any disqualification mentioned in the Act or under any other applicable Act, rules and regulations thereunder, the Committee may recommend, to the Board with reasons recorded in writing, removal of a Director, KMP or Senior Management Personnel, subject to the provisions and compliance of the said Act and rules made thereunder.

3.2.5 Retirement

The Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel shall retire as per the applicable provisions of the Act and the prevailing policy of the Company. The Board will have the discretion to retain the Director, KMP, Senior Management Personnel in the same position/ remuneration or otherwise even after attaining the retirement age, for the benefit of the Company.

3.3 Policy relating to the Remuneration for the Whole-time Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel

3.3.1 General:

- a) The remuneration / compensation / commission etc. to the Managing Director, Whole-time Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel will be determined by the Committee and recommended to the Board for approval. The remuneration / compensation / commission payable to Managing Director, Whole-time Director and Director shall be subject

to the prior/post approval of the shareholders of the Company and Central Government, wherever required.

- b) The remuneration and commission to be paid to the Managing Director, Whole-time Director and Directors shall be in accordance with the conditions laid down in the Articles of Association of the Company and as per the provisions of the Act.
- c) Increments/revision to the existing remuneration/compensation payable to Managing Director, Whole-time Director and Directors may be recommended by the Committee to the Board, which should be within the limits approved by the Shareholders.
- d) Where any insurance is taken by the Company on behalf of its Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, the Company Secretary and any other employees for indemnifying them against any liability, the premium paid on such insurance shall not be treated as part of the remuneration payable to any such personnel.

3.3.2 Remuneration to Whole-time, Managing Director, Directors, KMP and Senior Management Personnel:

- a) Fixed pay: The Whole-time Director/ KMP and Senior Management Personnel shall be eligible for a monthly remuneration as may be approved by the Board on the recommendation of the Committee. The breakup of the pay scale and quantum of perquisites including, employer's contribution to P.F, pension scheme, medical expenses, club fees etc. shall be decided and approved by the Board/ the Person authorized by the Board on the

recommendation of the Committee and approved by the shareholders and Central Government, wherever required.

Rs.1,00,000/- per meeting of the Board or Committee or such amount as may be prescribed by the Central Government from time to time.

b) Minimum Remuneration: If, in any financial year, the Company has no profits or its profits are inadequate, the Company shall pay remuneration to its Managing Director and Whole-time Director in accordance with the provisions of Schedule V of the Act and if it is not able to comply with such provisions, with the previous approval of the Central Government.

c) Commission: Commission may be paid within the monetary limit approved by shareholders, subject to the limit not exceeding 1% of the profits of the Company computed as per the applicable provisions of the Act.

c) Provisions for excess remuneration: If Managing Director and/or Whole-time Director draws or receives, directly or indirectly by way of remuneration any such sums in excess of the limits prescribed under the Act or without the prior sanction of the Central Government, where required, he / she shall refund such sums to the Company and until such sum is refunded, hold it in trust for the Company. The Company shall not waive recovery of such sum refundable to it unless permitted by the Central Government.

d) Stock Options: An Independent Director shall not be entitled to any stock option of the Company.

4. MEMBERSHIP

4.1 The Committee shall consist of a minimum three (3) non-executive directors, majority of them being independent.

4.2 Minimum two (2) members shall constitute a quorum for the Committee meeting.

4.3 Membership of the Committee shall be disclosed in the Annual Report.

4.4 Term of the Committee shall be continued unless terminated by the Board of Directors.

3.3.3 Remuneration to Non- Executive / Independent Director:

5. CHAIRPERSON

a) Remuneration / Commission: The remuneration / commission shall be fixed as per the slabs and conditions mentioned in the Articles of Association of the Company and the Act.

5.1 Chairperson of the Committee shall be an Independent Director.

b) Sitting Fees: The Non- Executive / Independent Director may receive remuneration by way of fees for attending meetings of Board or Committee thereof; Provided that the amount of such fees shall not exceed

5.2 Chairperson of the Company may be appointed as a member of the Committee but shall not be a Chairman of the Committee.

5.3 In the absence of the Chairperson, the members of the Committee present at the meeting shall choose one amongst them to act as Chairperson.

5.4 Chairman of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee meeting could be present at the Annual General Meeting or may nominate some other member to answer the shareholders' queries.

6. FREQUENCY OF MEETINGS

The meeting of the Committee shall be held at such regular intervals as may be required.

7. COMMITTEE MEMBERS' INTERESTS

7.1 A member of the Committee is not entitled to be present when his or her own remuneration is discussed at a meeting or when his or her performance is being evaluated.

7.2 The Committee may invite such executives, as it considers appropriate, to be present at the meetings of the Committee.

8. DUTIES OF COMMITTEE

A) The duties of the Committee in relation to nomination matters shall include:

8.1 Ensuring that there is an appropriate induction in place for new Directors and members of Senior Management and reviewing its effectiveness;

8.2 Ensuring that on appointment to the Board, Non-Executive Directors receive a formal letter of appointment;

8.3 Identifying and recommending Directors, who are to be put forward for retirement by rotation.

8.4 Determining the appropriate size, diversity and composition of the Board;

8.5 Setting a formal and transparent procedure for selecting new Directors for appointment to the Board;

8.6 Developing a succession plan for the Board and Senior Management and regularly reviewing the plan;

8.7 Evaluating the performance of the Board members and Senior Management in the context of the Company's performance from business and compliance perspective;

8.8 Making recommendations to the Board concerning any matters relating to the continuation in office of any Director at any time including the suspension or termination of service of an Executive Director as an employee of the Company subject to the provision of the law and their service contract.

8.9 Delegating any of its powers to one or more of its members or the Secretary of the Committee;

8.10 Recommend any necessary changes to the Board; and

8.11 Considering any other matters, as may be requested by the Board.

B) The duties of the Committee in relation to remuneration matters shall include:

8.12 To consider and determine the Remuneration Policy, based on the performance and also bearing in mind that the remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate members of the Board and such other factors as the Committee shall deem appropriate all elements of the remuneration of the members of the Board.

8.13 To approve the remuneration of the Senior Management including key managerial personnel of the Company, maintaining a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long-term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Company.

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Web: www.ceenikexports.in E-mail: ceenikexports@gmail.com CIN: L51311MH1995PLC085007

8.14 To delegate any of its powers to one or more member(s) of the Committee.

9. MINUTES OF COMMITTEE MEETING

Proceedings of all meetings shall be minuted and signed by the Chairman of the

Committee at the subsequent meeting. Minutes of the Committee meetings will be tabled at the subsequent Board and Committee meeting.

This Policy has been adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on **October 21, 2014**.

Annexure-III
PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

Details under Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

Rule	Particulars			
(1)	The Ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year	a	Mr. N.N. Hingorani, Managing Director	Appx 6.28
			None of the other Directors were in receipt of any remuneration except sitting fees	N/A
(2)	The percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary in the financial year	a	Mr. N.N. Hingorani, Managing Director	(50%)
		b	Mr. Dhondiram Shankar Karnale, Chief Finance Officer	2.31%
(3)	The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees on the rolls of the Company			Appx. (14.02 %)
(4)	The number of permanent employees on the rolls of the Company		As on 31-03-2021	8
(5)	Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration.	There is no increase in the remuneration of managerial personnel while for others it is about (-) 10.44%. This is based on other factors relevant for the purpose.		
(6)	It is hereby confirmed that the remuneration is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company			

**By the order of the Board
 For Ceenik Exports (India) Limited**

Place: Mumbai
 Date: 03.09.2021

s/d
 (N. N. Hingorani)
 Chairman & Managing Director
 DIN: 00275453

Annexure- IV

Form No. MR-3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31st March, 2021

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

**To,
The Members,
Ceenik Exports (India) Limited,**

I have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Ceenik Exports (India) Limited (hereinafter called 'the Company'). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2021 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board process and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter.

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Ceenik Exports (India) Limited for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2021 according to the provisions of:

- 1) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- 2) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- 3) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye laws framed thereunder;
- 4) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial borrowing; (Not applicable since there was no FDI or ECB);
- 5) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act');
 - a. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - b. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992;

- c. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrar to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with the client.

- 6) The Acts / Guidelines specifically applicable to the Company: NIL

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- 1) Secretarial Standard issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- 2) The Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

I report that during the year under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations and Guidelines mentioned above.

I report that during the year under review there was no action/event in pursuance of –

- a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debts Securities) Regulations, 2008
- b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009;
- c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buy-back of Securities) Regulations, 1998;
- d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999;
- e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009;

During the year under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc. mentioned above subject to the following observations:

The Company has Mr. Mayank Agrawal as Company Secretary and Compliance officer Company Secretary w.e.f. 20th August 2019.

I further report that the compliance by the Company of applicable financial laws like direct and indirect tax laws has not been reviewed in this audit since the same has been subject to review by statutory financial audit and other designated professionals.

I further report that the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the year under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed proposal on agenda were sent in advance duly complying with the time limits specified and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

As per the minutes of the meeting duly recorded and signed by the chairman, the decisions of the Board were unanimous and no dissenting views have been recorded.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operation of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

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I further report that during the audit period there was no specific event/action in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, etc. having major bearing on the Company's affairs.

For, Abhishek Soni & Associates
Company Secretaries

Place: Pune
Date: 31.08.2021

S/d
(ABHISHEK SONI)
COMPANY SECRETARY
ACS: 41808/CP: 15641
UDIN: A041808C000867701

Note: This report is to be read with my letter of even date, which is annexed as 'ANNEXURE-A' and forms an integral part of this report.

'Annexure-A'

To,
The Members,
Ceenik Exports (India) Limited,

My report of even date is to be read with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Corporation. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on my audit.
2. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on the test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. I believe that the process and practices, I followed, provide reasonable basis for my opinion.
3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and books of accounts of the Corporation.
4. Wherever required, I have obtained the management representation about the compliance of the laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations and standards is the responsibility of the management. My examination was limited to the verification of procedure on test basis.
6. The secretarial audit report is neither an assurance as to future viability of the Corporation nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Corporation.

For, Abhishek Soni & Associates
Company Secretaries

Place: Pune
Date: 31.08.2021

S/d
(ABHISHEK SONI)
COMPANY SECRETARY
ACS: 41808/CP: 15641
UDIN: A041808C000867701

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT

**To,
The Members of
Ceenik Exports (India) Limited**

Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements of **CEENIK EXPORTS (INDIA) LIMITED (“the Company”)**, which comprises of the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income) and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, statement of changes in equity for the year then ended and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Managements Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company’s Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 (“**the Act**”) with respect to the preparation and presentation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income and cash flows and statement of changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Indian Accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these standalone financial statements based on our audit. In conducting our audit, we have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the

provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under and the Order issued under section 143(11) of the Act.

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the standalone financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the company has in place an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the standalone financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidences obtained by us are sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Ind AS, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, and its profit, total comprehensive income and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Emphasis of matter

We draw attention to:

- i. The Company has not sought written confirmation in respect of trade receivable, trade payable, loan & advances, deposit receivable and deposit payable balances outstanding as at 31st March, 2021 and hence consequential reconciliation/adjustment may arise there from, if any.
- ii. The company has not made any provision for losses for the year ended on 31st March, 2021.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Cash Flow and statement of change in equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Company as on March 31, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on March 31, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in “Annexure A”. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company’s internal financial controls over financial reporting.

- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. The Company has pending litigations wherein in one case, the company has filed an appeal against income tax demand for Rs.4.95 Lacs for AY 2014-15 and in another case, demand of Service tax of Rs. 3.43 lacs related to F.Y 2007-08 till 2010-11 is pending with lower authority of GST Department for verification as instructed by Commissioner Appeal –III,GST & Central Excise ,Mumbai. However, contingent liabilities have been disclosed by way of notes to accounts in the financial statements for both the above cases.
 - ii. The Company has not made any provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
 - iii. There has been no dividend declared by the company during the current financial year and hence there was no amount required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- 2) As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 (“**the Order**”) issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in “**Annexure B**” a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For JS Uberoi & Co.
Chartered Accountants

CA Bharat Jeswani
Partner
Mem No: 142376
FRN: 111107W
Place: Nagpur
Date: 28/06/2021

ANNEXURE 'A' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Ceenik Exports (India) Limited of even date)

REPORT ON THE INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING UNDER CLAUSE (I) OF SUB-SECTION 3 OF SECTION 143 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ("THE ACT")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of CEENIK EXPORTS (INDIA) LIMITED ("the Company") as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

MANAGEMENTS RESPONSIBILITY FOR INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The Board of Directors of the Company are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

AUDITORS RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

MEANING OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

LIMITATIONS OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

OPINION

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

**For JS Uberoi & Co.
Chartered Accountants**

**CA Bharat Jeswani
Partner
Mem No: 142376
FRN: 111107W
Place: Nagpur
Date: 28/06/2021**

ANNEXURE 'B' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Ceenik Exports (India) Limited of even date)

- 1) In respect of Company's Fixed Assets:
 - (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (b) The Company has a program of verification to cover all the items of fixed assets in a phased manner which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the program, certain fixed assets were physically verified by the management during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.

(c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the records examined by us and based on the examination of the details provided to us, we report that all the fixed assets held by the Company are in the name of the Company.

2) In respect of Company's Inventory:

The company is not having any inventory hence the provisions of clause 3(ii) of the 'Order' are not applicable.

3) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, LLP's or any other parties covered in the registers-maintained u/s 189 of the Act.

4) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of grant of loans, making investments and providing guarantees and securities, as applicable.

5) The Company has not accepted deposits during the year and does not have any unclaimed deposits as at March 31, 2021 and therefore, the provisions of the clause 3 (v) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

6) The maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 for the business activities carried out by the Company. Thus, reporting under clause 3(vi) of the order is not applicable to the Company.

7) According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:

(a) The Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Value Added Tax, Customs Duty, Excise Duty, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities.

- (b) There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Value Added Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Customs Duty, Excise Duty, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2021 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no material dues income tax which have not deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- 8) The Company has not defaulted on repayment of loan taken from bank during the period under review.
- 9) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). However, during the year, the company has taken a Term Loan- Loan against property from ICICI Bank for purchase of non-residential property. The said amount has been utilized to pay off the debts outstanding to M/s Fullerton India Credit Co. Ltd who is a DSA of the bank as informed to us by the client.
- 10) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or no material fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- 11) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has paid/provided managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- 12) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause 3 (xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- 13) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party

transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.

14) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly paid convertible debentures and hence reporting under clause 3 (xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

15) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected to its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.

16) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For JS Uberoi & Co.

Chartered Accountants

CA Bharat Jeswani

Partner

Mem No: 142376

FRN: 111107W

Place: Nagpur

Date: 28/06/2021

Ceenik Exports (India) Limited
Balance Sheet As at March 31, 2021

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
ASSETS			
A) Non-current assets			
a) Property, Plant and Equipment	2	59,63,066	81,92,177
b) Capital Work in-Progress	2	-	-
c) Other Intangible Assets	2	52,730	52,730
d) Investment Property	3	14,44,25,301	14,41,08,751
e) Financial Assets			
i) Investments	4	3,57,00,700	3,55,08,150
ii) Others Financial Assets	5	75,64,563	75,64,563
f) Deferred Tax Assets	30	3,79,20,070	3,74,93,567
g) Other Non - current Asset	6	-	-
Total Non -current assets		23,16,26,430	23,29,19,937
B) Current assets			
a) Inventories	7	-	-
b) Financial Assets			
i) Trade receivables	8	14,75,704	17,14,616
ii) Cash and cash equivalents	9	38,23,689	17,08,897
iii) Other Bank Balances	10	2,43,311	12,27,240
c) Income Tax Assets (net)	11	46,07,144	61,27,945
d) Other current assets	12	4,75,06,325	4,75,00,903
Total Current assets		5,76,56,174	5,82,79,601
Total Assets		28,92,82,603	29,11,99,538
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			
a) Equity Share Capital	13	3,35,00,000	3,35,00,000
b) Other Equity	13	7,20,44,138	7,80,14,480
Total Equity		10,55,44,138	11,15,14,480
LIABILITIES			
A) Non-current liabilities			
a) Financial Liabilities			
i) Long Term Borrowings	14	11,91,19,210	12,40,88,195
ii) Other financial liabilities	15	1,18,55,376	1,18,55,376
b) Employee Benefit Obligation	16	-	-
c) Other Non - Current Liabilities	17	54,95,807	54,95,807
Total Non-current liabilities		13,64,70,393	14,14,39,378
B) Current liabilities			
a) Financial Liabilities			
i) Short Term Borrowings	14	2,37,89,000	1,83,60,000
ii) Trade payables	18	30,06,945	18,73,315
iii) Other financial liabilities	19	1,95,11,995	1,62,85,737
b) Employee Benefit Obligations	16	-	-
c) Other Current Liabilities	20	9,60,132	17,26,628
Total Current liabilities		4,72,68,072	3,82,45,680
Total Equity and Liabilities		28,92,82,603	29,11,99,538

Significant Accounting Policies and Notes to Accounts 1 to 40

In terms of our report of even date
For J.S. Uberoi & Co.
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 111107W

CA Bharat Jeswani
Partner
Mem No: 142376

Place : Nagpur
Date: 28/06/2021

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Ceenik Exports (India) Limited

Mr. Narain Hingorani
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN - 00275453

Mrs. Kavita Hingorani
Director
DIN - 00275442

Ceenik Exports (India) Limited
Statement of Profit & Loss For the Year Ended March 31, 2021

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Note No.	Year Ended March 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2020
Income			
Revenue From Operations	21	-	1,21,93,398
Other Income	22	1,95,66,885	3,86,18,605
Total Income		1,95,66,885	5,08,12,003
Expenditure			
Cost of Materials Consumed	23	-	2,47,57,524
Purchase of Stock in trade	24	-	-
Changes in inventories of finished goods, Stock - in -Trade and work-in-progress	25	-	-
Employee benefits expenses	26	25,91,616	25,66,356
Finance costs	27	1,46,95,576	1,77,83,986
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	28	18,46,672	21,01,508
Other expenses	29	70,22,417	1,10,44,919
Total expenses		2,61,56,280	5,82,54,294
Profit before tax		(65,89,395)	(74,42,291)
Tax expense:	30		
(1) Current tax		-	-
(2) Deferred tax		4,26,503	-
Total tax expenses		4,26,503	-
Profit/ (Loss) for the year		(61,62,892)	(74,42,291)
Other Comprehensive Income		1,92,550	(1,22,200)
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Gain/(Loss) on Equity Investment at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income			-
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			-
Other Comprehensive Income for the Year (Net of tax)			-
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		(59,70,342)	(75,64,491)
Earnings per equity share: (in Rs)			
Equity shares of Par value of Rs. 10 /-each			
Basic	31	(1.78)	(2.26)
Diluted	31	(1.78)	(2.26)

Significant Accounting Policies and Notes to Accounts 1 to 40

In terms of our report of even date
For J.S. Uberoi & Co.
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 111107W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Ceenik Exports (India) Limited

CA Bharat Jeswani
Partner
Mem No: 142376

Mr. Narain Hingorani
Managing Director
DIN - 00275453

Place : Nagpur
Date:28/06/2021

Mrs. Kavita Hingorani
Director
DIN - 00275442

Particulars	2020-21	2019-20
Operating activities		
Profit Before Tax	(65,89,395)	(74,42,291)
Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash inflow		
Depreciation and amortisation	18,46,672	21,01,508
Interest income	(3,20,304)	(2,83,392)
Finance cost	1,46,95,576	1,77,83,986
Dividend income	(3,238)	(3,500)
Sundry balance written off	-	-
Net (gain) / loss on sale of investments	-	(1,40,11,087)
Net (gain) / loss on Fixed assets discarded	46,089	-
Provision for Doubtful Debts and advances	-	-
Rental income from investment properties	(1,92,43,344)	(2,34,30,962)
	(95,67,943)	(2,52,85,738)
Working capital adjustments :-		
(Increase) / Decrease in Other Non-Current Financial Assets	-	(1,22,988)
(Increase) / Decrease in Other Non-Current Assets	-	-
(Increase) / Decrease in Inventories	-	2,47,57,524
(Increase) / Decrease in Trade and Other Receivables	2,38,912	1,13,65,849
(Increase) / Decrease in Income Tax (Assets)	15,20,801	(14,74,067)
(Increase) / Decrease in Other Current Assets	(5,422)	(97,92,444)
Increase / (Decrease) in Other Non- Current Financial Liabilities	-	(3,18,816)
Increase / (Decrease) in Employee Benefit obligation	-	-
Increase / (Decrease) in Trade and Other Payables	11,33,630	(1,35,68,779)
Increase / (Decrease) in Other Non-Current Liabilities	0	(1,08,556)
Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current Financial Liabilities	32,26,258	(19,04,323)
Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities	(7,66,496)	4,16,491
Cash Generated from Operations	(42,20,260)	(1,60,35,847)
Direct taxes paid (Net of Refunds)	-	-
Net cash flow from operating activities	(42,20,260)	(1,60,35,847)
Investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant & equipment and intangible assets (including capital work-in-progress and capital advances)	(85,200)	1,07,12,233
Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment and intangible assets	1,05,000	1,40,11,087
Dividend Received	3,238	3,500
Purchase / sale of financial instruments	-	-
Interest received	3,20,303	2,83,392
Rent Income	1,92,43,344	2,34,30,962
Net cash flow used in investing activities	1,95,86,684	4,84,41,174
Financing activities		
Borrowing /(Repayment of Long term Borrowings)	(49,68,985)	34,01,855
Borrowing /(Repayment of Short term Borrowings)	54,29,000	(2,06,46,265)
Finance cost	(1,46,95,576)	(1,77,83,986)
Net cash flow from financing activities	(1,42,35,561)	(3,50,28,396)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	11,30,863	(26,23,069)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	29,36,137	55,59,206
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	40,67,000	29,36,137

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

Particulars	As at 31.03.2021	As at 31.03.2020
Cash and cash equivalents	38,23,689	17,08,897
Other Bank Balances	2,43,311	12,27,240
Bank Balance Overdrawn (refer note no. 19)	-	-
Total	40,67,000	29,36,137

In terms of our report of even date

For J.S. Uberoi & Co.
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 111107W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ceenik Exports (India) Limited

CA Bharat Jeswani
Partner
Mem No: 142376

Mr. Narain Hingorani
Managing Director
DIN - 00275453

Mrs. Kavita Hingorani
Director
DIN - 00275442

Place : Nagpur
Date:28/06/2021

Ceenik Exports (India) Limited
Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year ended March 31, 2021

(Amount in Rs.)

A. Equity Share Capital

Equity Share Capital	Balance as at April 01, 2018	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at April 01, 2019	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at March 31,2020	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at March 31, 2021
Paid up Capital	3,35,00,000	-	3,35,00,000	-	3,35,00,000	-	3,35,00,000

B. Other Equity

Particulars	OTHER EQUITY		Other Comprehensive Income	Total
	Retained Earnings	General Reserve	Equity Instruement through OCI	
Balance as on April 01, 2016	15,14,79,984	93,44,382	33,890	16,08,58,256
Profit for the year	(1,65,35,941)	-	-	(1,65,35,941)
Balance as at March 31,2017	13,49,44,043	93,44,382	33,890	14,43,22,314
Profit for the year	(2,87,16,036)	-	-	(2,87,16,036)
Balance as at March 31,2018	10,62,28,007	93,44,382	33,890	11,56,06,278
Profit for the year	(2,67,67,471)	-	1,84,210	(2,65,83,261)
TDS Receivable reversed	(32,40,356)	-	(1,69,800)	(34,10,156)
Balance as at March 31,2019	7,62,20,179	93,44,382	14,410	8,55,78,972
Profit for the year	(74,42,291)	-	(1,22,200)	(75,64,491)
Balance as at March 31,2020	6,87,77,888	93,44,382	(1,07,790)	7,80,14,480
Profit for the year	(61,62,892)	-	1,92,550	(59,70,342)
Balance as at March 31,2021	6,26,14,996	93,44,382	84,760	7,20,44,138

For J.S. Uberoi & Co.
Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Ceenik Exports (India) Limited

CA Bharat Jeswani
Partner
Mem No: 142376

Mr. Narain Hingorani
Managing Director
DIN - 00275453

Mrs. Kavita Hingorani
Director
DIN - 00275442

Place : Nagpur
Date:28/06/2021

Accompanying notes to the financial statements for the Year ended March 31, 2021

Note 1

A Corporate information

Ceenik Exports (India) Ltd. ('the Company') is in business of Garment Manufacturer and Renting of Immovable property. The Company is a public limited company incorporated in India and has its registered office at Mumbai, Maharashtra, India. The Company has its primary listing in BSE Ltd.

B SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**1 Basis of preparation and presentation**

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared to comply in all material respects with the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

The financial statements for all periods upto and including year ended 31 March 2017 were prepared in accordance with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act ("the Act"), read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (as amended) ("previous GAAP").

The financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018 are the first financial statements prepared by the Company in accordance with Ind AS.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention with the exception of certain financial assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value, on an accrual basis of accounting.

All the assets and liabilities have been classified as current and non-current as per normal operating cycle of the Company and other criteria set out in as per the guidance set out in Schedule III to the Act. Based on nature of services, the Company ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of asset and liabilities.

The Company's financial statements are reported in Indian Rupees, which is also the Company's functional currency.

C Use of Estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements, in conformity with the Ind AS, requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities as at the date of financial statements and the results of operation during the reported period. Although these estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from these estimates which are recognised in the period in which they are determined.

i) Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

ii) Deferred tax assets

In assessing the realisability of deferred income tax assets, management considers whether some portion or all of the deferred income tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred income tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which the temporary differences become deductible. Management considers the scheduled reversals of deferred income tax liabilities, projected future taxable income, and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. Based on the level of historical taxable income and projections for future taxable income over the periods in which the deferred income tax assets are deductible, management believes that the Company will realize the benefits of those deductible differences. The amount of the deferred income tax assets considered realizable, however, could be reduced in the near term if estimates of future taxable income during the carry forward period are reduced.

iii) Provisions

Provisions and liabilities are recognised in the period when it becomes probable that there will be a future outflow of funds resulting from past operations or events and the amount of cash flow can be reliably estimated. The timing of recognition and quantification of the liability require application of judgement to the existing facts and circumstances which can be subject to change. The carrying amounts of provisions and liabilities are reviewed regularly and revised to take account of changing the facts and circumstances

D Property, Plant and Equipment

i) Tangible Assets

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost of acquisition including attributable interest and finance costs, if any, till the date of acquisition/ installation of the assets less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Subsequent expenditure relating to Property, Plant and Equipment is capitalised only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred. The cost and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the financial statements, either on disposal or when retired from active use and the resultant gain or loss are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Capital work-in-progress, representing expenditure incurred in respect of assets under development and not ready for their intended use, are carried at cost. Cost includes related acquisition expenses, construction cost, related borrowing cost and other direct expenditure.

ii) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets includes software which are not integral part of the hardware are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation. Intangible assets under development represents expenditure incurred in respect of softwares under development and are carried at cost.

Assets acquired but not ready for use are classified under Capital work-in-progress or intangible assets under development, as the case may be.

On transition to Ind AS, the Company has opted to continue with the carrying values measured under the previous GAAP as at 1 April 2016 of its Intangible Assets and used that carrying value as the deemed cost of the Intangible Assets on the date of transition i.e. 1 April 2016.

E Depreciation and Amortisation:

Depreciation on all fixed assets, except intangible assets, is provided on Written Down value method over the useful life of Asset and in the manner as prescribed by Schedule II of the Act.

F Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

i) Financial Assets

Initial Recognition

In the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent Measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories:

Financial Assets at Amortised Cost (AC)

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business model with an objective to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate ("EIR") method. Impairment gains or losses arising on these assets are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value

Financial assets are measured at fair value through OCI if these financial assets are held within a business model with an objective to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows or to sell these financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial asset not measured at amortised cost or at fair value through OCI is carried at FVTPL.

On transition to Ind AS, the Company has opted to continue with the carrying values measured under the previous GAAP as at 1 April 2016 of its equity investments in subsidiaries, Joint Ventures associates and investment in partnership firm, if any, and used that carrying value as the deemed cost of these investments on the date of transition i.e. 1 April 2016.

G Impairment of Financial Assets:

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies the expected credit loss ("ECL") model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets and credit risk exposures.

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables. Simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12-month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognised during the period is recognised as income/ expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

H De-recognition of Financial Assets

The Company de-recognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the financial asset and substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognizes its retained interest in the assets and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay.

If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

b) Equity Instruments and Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity Instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments which are issued for cash are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Equity instruments which are issued for consideration other than cash are recorded at fair value of the equity instrument.

I Financial Liabilities

i) Initial Recognition

ii) Subsequent Measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below

Financial liabilities at FVPL

Financial liabilities at FVPL include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at FVPL. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 and the amount recognised less cumulative amortisation. Amortisation is recognised as finance income in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the settlement or redemption of borrowings is recognised over the term of the borrowings in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

iii) De-recognition of Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are de-recognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as de-recognition of the original liability and recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

iv) Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

J Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

As at each Balance Sheet date, the Company assesses whether there is an indication that a non-financial asset may be impaired and also whether there is an indication of reversal of impairment loss recognised in the previous periods. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company determines the recoverable amount and impairment loss is recognised when the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

Recoverable amount is determined:

- In case of an individual asset, at the higher of the assets' fair value less cost to sell and value in use; and
- In case of cash generating unit (a group of assets that generates identified, independent cash flows), at the higher of cash generating unit's fair value less cost to sell and value in use.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risk specified to the asset. In determining fair value less cost to sell, recent market transaction are taken into account. If no such transaction can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

Impairment losses of continuing operations, including impairment on inventories, are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except for properties previously revalued with the revaluation taken to OCI. For such properties, the impairment is recognised in OCI up to the amount of any previous revaluation.

When the Company considers that there are no realistic prospects of recovery of the asset, the relevant amounts are written off. If the amount of impairment loss subsequently decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, then the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through the Statement of Profit and Loss.

K Trade receivables

A receivable is classified as a 'trade receivable' if it is in respect of the amount due on account of goods sold or services rendered in the normal course of business. Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method, less provision for impairment.

L Trade payables

A payable is classified as a 'trade payable' if it is in respect of the amount due on account of goods purchased or services received in the normal course of business. These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. These amounts are unsecured and are usually settled as per the payment terms stated in the contract. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method.

M Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period and for all periods presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares, that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company and weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per equity share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the equity shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. the average market value of the outstanding equity shares).

N Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the Balance Sheet comprises of cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three month or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

O Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Company incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Also, the EIR amortisation is included in finance costs.

Borrowing costs relating to acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset which takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are added to the cost of such asset to the extent they relate to the period till such assets are ready to be put to use. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they occur.

P Revenue Recognition:

- i)** Revenue on sale of goods is recognized when all significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods are passed on to the buyer and no significant uncertainty exists as to its realization or collection.
- ii)** Rent Income is recognized on the basis of term with lessee.
- iii)** Interest Income is recognized on a time proportion basis by reference to the principal outstanding and at the interest rate applicable.
- iv)** Dividend is accounted on receipt basis.

Q Foreign Currency Transactions:

a Initial Recognition

Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction. However, for practical reasons, the Company uses a monthly average rate if the average rate approximate the actual rate at the date of the transactions.

b Conversion

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are reported using the closing rate at the reporting date. Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

c Treatment of Exchange Difference

Exchange differences arising on settlement/ restatement of short-term foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities of the Company are recognised as income or expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss except those arising from investment in Non Integral operations.

R Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost or net realizable value whichever is lower. Cost of property under construction held as inventory includes cost of purchases, construction cost, and other cost incurred in bringing the properties to their present location and condition

S Provisions and Contingent Liabilities and Assets:

A provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. Provisions (excluding gratuity and compensated absences) are determined based on management's estimate required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. In case the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current management estimates.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed in respect of possible obligations that arise from past events, whose existence would be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. A contingent liability also arises, in rare cases, where a liability cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably.

Contingent asset is not recognised unless it becomes virtually certain that an flow of economic benefits will arise.

T Employee Benefits

i) Defined Contribution Plan

Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as provident fund, employees' state insurance, labour welfare are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made as and when services are rendered by the employees. The above benefits are classified as Defined Contribution Schemes as the Company has no further obligations beyond the monthly contributions.

ii) Defined Benefit Plan

The Company also provides for gratuity which is a defined benefit plan, the liabilities of which is determined based on valuations, as at the balance sheet date, made by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method. Re-measurement, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, in respect of gratuity are recognised in the OCI, in the period in which they occur. Re-measurement recognised in OCI are not reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss in subsequent periods. Past service cost is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year of plan amendment or curtailment. The classification of the Company's obligation into current and non-current is as per the actuarial valuation report.

iii) Leave entitlement and compensated absences

Accumulated leave which is expected to be utilised within next twelve months, is treated as short-term employee benefit. Leave entitlement, other than short term compensated absences, are provided based on a actuarial valuation, similar to that of gratuity benefit. Re-measurement, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, in respect of leave entitlement are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they occur.

iv) Short-term Benefits

Short-term employee benefits such as salaries, wages, performance incentives etc. are recognised as expenses at the undiscounted amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss of the period in which the related service is rendered. Expenses on non-accumulating compensated absences is recognised in the period in which the absences occur.

v) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised as an expense as and when incurred.

U Accounting for Taxes of Income:-

i) Current Taxes

Current income tax is recognised based on the estimated tax liability computed after taking credit for allowances and exemptions in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

ii) Deferred Taxes

Deferred tax is determined by applying the Balance Sheet approach. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for all deductible temporary differences between the financial statements' carrying amount of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax base. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the enacted tax rates or tax rates that are substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognised in the period that includes the enactment date. Deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date to reassess realisation.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

iii) Minimum Alternative Tax

MAT is recognised as deferred Tax Assets in the Balance Sheet when the asset can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with asset will be realised

NOTE:2

CEENIK EXPORTS (INDIA) LTD**FIXED ASSETS SUMMARY FOR THE YEAR 2020-21**

S.No.	FIXED ASSETS	GROSS BLOCK AS ON 01/04/2020	ADDITION DURING THE YEAR	DISPOSED DURING THE YEAR	NET BLOCK AS ON 31/03/2021	DEPRECIATION UPTO 31/03/2020	DEPRECIATION FOR THE YEAR	DEPRECIATION ON DISPOSED ASSETS	NET DEPRECIATION- UP TO -31-3-2021	WDV AS ON 31-03-2021
1	Furniture and fixture	23,31,960	-	-	23,31,960	9,83,518	3,45,410	-	13,28,928	10,03,032
2	Intangible Assets	52,730	-	-	52,730	-	-	-	-	52,730
3	Office Equipment	26,01,307	-	-	26,01,307	25,40,797	20,869	-	25,61,665	39,642
4	Plant and Machinery	2,16,22,934	-	3,91,037	2,12,31,897	1,57,96,050	10,42,009	2,71,700	1,65,66,360	46,65,537
5	Vehicle	93,05,741	-	12,12,800	80,92,941	85,52,140	4,38,384	11,81,048	78,09,476	2,83,465
6	Capital Work In Progress	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Discarded	(28,610)	-	-	(28,610)	-	-	-	-	(28,610)
	TOTAL	3,58,86,062	-	16,03,837	3,42,82,225	2,78,72,505	18,46,672	14,52,748	2,82,66,429	60,15,796

Note 2: Intangible Assets

Particulars	Website & Domain Name	Trade Mark	Total
Year Ended March 31, 2021			
Gross Carrying Amount			
Deemed Cost as at 1 April 2020	27,230	-	27,230
Additions	-	25,500	25,500
Disposals/Discarded	-	-	-
Transfers	-	-	-
Closing Gross Carrying Amount	27,230	25,500	52,730

Note 3: Investment Property

Particulars	Building	Total
Year Ended March 31, 2021		
Gross Carrying Amount		
Deemed Cost as at 1 April 2020	14,41,08,751	14,41,08,751
Additions	3,16,550	3,16,550
Disposals	-	-
Transfers	-	-
Closing Gross Carrying Amount	14,44,25,301	14,44,25,301
Accumulated Depreciation		
Opening Accumulated Depreciation	-	-
Depreciation charge during the year	-	-
Disposals	-	-
Closing Accumulated Depreciation	-	-

Note 4 : Investments

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Investments in equity instruments at Cost (Unquoted and fully paid up)				
Niktin Properties & Estates Pvt. Ltd.	34,20,000	34,20,000	34,20,000	34,20,000
[1,14,000 (P.Y. 1,14,000; As at April 1, 2016 - 1,14,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up)]				
Viking Advanced Technologies Pvt. Ltd.	3,19,00,000	3,19,00,000	3,19,00,000	3,19,00,000
[2,70,000 (P.Y. 2,70,000; As at April 1, 2016 - 2,70,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up)]				
Total(A)	3,53,20,000	3,53,20,000	3,53,20,000	3,53,20,000
Investments in equity instruments of Other companies at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (Quoted and fully paid up)				
Alok Industries Ltd.	70,525	43,750	16,425	10,465
[3,500 (P.Y. 3,500; As at April 1, 2016 - 3,500 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up)]				
IDBI Ltd.	19,275	15,300	23,325	36,125
[500 (P.Y. 500; As at April 1, 2016 - 500 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up)]				
Morepen Laboratories Ltd.	96,300	36,750	51,750	98,850
[3,000 (P.Y. 3,000; As at April 1, 2016 - 3,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up)]				
Shree Renuka Sugar Ltd.	-	-	-	-
[Nil (P.Y. Nil; As at April 1, 2016 - 2,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up)]				
Sterlite Power Ltd	400	400.00	400	400
[200 (P.Y. 200; As at April 1, 2016 - 200 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up)]				
Sterlite Technologies Ltd.	1,94,200	91,950.00	2,18,450	3,12,250
[1,000 (P.Y. 1,000; As at April 1, 2016 - 1,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up)]				
Total (B)	3,80,700	1,88,150	3,10,350	4,58,090
Total(A+B)	3,57,00,700	3,55,08,150	3,56,30,350	3,57,78,090

Aggregate amount of

a) Aggregate amount of quoted investments at cost	2,48,148	2,48,148	2,48,148	2,48,148
b) Market value of Quoted investments	3,80,700	1,88,150	3,10,350	4,58,090
c) Aggregate amount of unquoted investments as per books	3,53,20,000	3,53,20,000	3,53,20,000	3,53,20,000
d) Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investment	-	-	-	-

Note 5: Other Non-Current Financial Assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Security deposits				
- Considered Good	75,64,563	75,64,563	74,41,575	1,00,05,515
- Considered Doubtful	-	-	-	-
Total	75,64,563	75,64,563	74,41,575	1,00,05,515

Note 6: Other Non Current Assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Capital Advances	-	-	-	11,00,000
Pre - Operative Expenses	-	-	-	-
Prepaid Rent	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	11,00,000

Note 7: Inventories

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
(a) Raw materials	-	-	2,47,57,524	2,99,61,968
(b) Finished goods	-	-	-	1,20,28,123
Total	-	-	2,47,57,524	4,19,90,091

Note 8: Trade Receivables

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Trade Receivables (Unsecured and considered good, unless otherwise stated)				
- Considered Good				-
- Unsecured, considered good	14,75,704	17,14,616	1,30,80,465	2,08,85,700
- Considered Doubtful	-	-	1,11,20,071	1,11,20,071
Less : Allowance for Doubtful debts	-	-	1,11,20,071	1,11,20,071
Total Receivables	14,75,704	17,14,616	1,30,80,465	2,08,85,700
Current Portion	14,75,704	17,14,616	1,30,80,465	2,08,85,700
Non - Current Portion	-	-	-	-

Note 9: Cash & Cash Equivalents

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Balance with Banks - Current Accounts	31,51,504	11,05,095	5,48,616	3,30,372
Cash in Hand	6,72,185	6,03,801	3,79,060	4,63,940
Total Cash & Cash Equivalents	38,23,689	17,08,897	9,27,676	7,94,312

Note 10: Other Bank Balances

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Fixed Deposit*	2,43,311	12,27,240	46,31,529	2,98,716
Total	2,43,311	12,27,240	46,31,529	2,98,716

*Lien against bank guarantee given to Maharashtra Pollution Control Board and Sale Tax Department

Note 11: Income Tax Assets (Net)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Advance Tax & TDS (Net of Provisions)	46,07,144	61,27,945	46,53,878	57,74,284
Total	46,07,144	61,27,945	46,53,878	57,74,284

(Amount in Rs.)

Note 12: Other Current Assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at April 1, 2016
Advances Recoverable in Cash or in Kind or for value to be received						
Considered Good	2,80,01,325	2,79,93,903	2,82,88,178	1,36,72,116	71,22,199	64,22,132
Considered Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	20,160
Advances for Purchases/Job Work						
Considered Good	1,95,00,000	1,95,00,000	54,53,017	76,09,885	64,24,691	60,39,481
Considered Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-
Prepaid Expenses	5,000	7,000	7,94,225	14,90,155	14,35,000	12,05,614
Balances with government authorities	-	-	31,73,037	33,99,552	25,83,727	25,83,728
Total	4,75,06,325	4,75,00,903	3,77,08,457	2,61,71,708	1,75,65,617	1,62,71,115

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at April 1, 2016
Advances Recoverable in Cash or in Kind or for value to be received	88,53,317	88,53,317	88,53,317	88,53,317	56,15,970	47,15,970
Advances for Purchases/Job Work						
Considered Good	1,95,00,000	1,95,00,000	54,53,019	76,09,885	64,24,691	60,39,481
Considered Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Provision for Impairment	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ambermath Business sales -Viking advanced technologies pvt ltd	1,84,83,586	1,84,83,586	1,86,86,502	23,38,730	-	2,48,093
Duty Drawback receivable	-	-	-	-	2,01,939	2,01,939
Prepaid Expenses	5,000	7,000	7,94,225	13,54,015	9,19,616	6,98,860
Loan and Advances to Staff	-	-	-	-	48,160	-
Advance for Expenses/statutory payment to Kavita Hingorani	-	-	83,937	-	-	-
Others (Receivable in kind)						
Secured, considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unsecured, considered good	6,64,422	6,57,000	6,64,422	24,80,069	14,58,069	14,58,069
Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	20,160
Prepaid Rent	-	-	-	1,36,140	5,15,384	5,06,754
Balances with government authorities	-	-	31,73,037	33,99,552	23,81,788	23,81,789
Total	4,75,06,325	4,75,00,903	3,77,08,459	2,61,71,708	1,75,65,617	1,62,71,115

Note 13: Equity Share Capital

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at April 1, 2016
Authorised						
75,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs 10 each	7,50,00,000	7,50,00,000	7,50,00,000	7,50,00,000	7,50,00,000	7,50,00,000
Total	7,50,00,000	7,50,00,000	7,50,00,000	7,50,00,000	7,50,00,000	7,50,00,000
Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid Up						
33,50,000 Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up	3,35,00,000	3,35,00,000	3,35,00,000	3,35,00,000	3,35,00,000	3,35,00,000
Total	3,35,00,000	3,35,00,000	3,35,00,000	3,35,00,000	3,35,00,000	3,35,00,000

a) Terms / rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holder of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

b) Reconciliation of the equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period :

Particulars	Equity Shares		Equity Shares		Equity Shares	
	As on March 31, 2021		As on March 31, 2020		As on March 31, 2019	
			Number	Rs	Number	Rs
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	33,50,000	3,35,00,000	33,50,000	3,35,00,000	33,50,000	3,35,00,000
Shares Issued during the year				-		-
Shares bought back during the year				-		-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	33,50,000	3,35,00,000	33,50,000	3,35,00,000	33,50,000	3,35,00,000

c) Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company:

Name of the Shareholder	Equity Shares		Equity Shares		Equity Shares	
	As on March 31, 2021		As on March 31, 2020		As on March 31, 2018	
	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	No. of Shares held	% of Holding
Mrs. Kavita Hingorani	10,50,500	31.36%	10,50,500	31.36%	10,50,500	31.36%
Mr. Narain Hingorani	7,89,100	23.55%	6,24,100	18.63%	4,50,000	13.43%
Mr. Nitin Hingorani	3,57,500	10.67%	3,57,500	10.67%	3,57,500	10.67%

Note 14: Non-Current Borrowings

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
(a) Term loans		
From banks		
Secured	11,91,19,210	
Unsecured		
From Financial Institutions		
Secured	-	12,40,88,195
Unsecured	-	-
	11,91,19,210	12,40,88,195

Particulars	Security	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Secured			
Term loans from banks:			
ICICI Bank Ltd.	Loans are secured against immovable properties of the company.	8,07,40,141	-
Yes Bank	Loans are secured against immovable properties of the company.	4,23,11,760	-
Less - Current Maturities		(39,32,691)	-
Total - Term loans from banks		11,91,19,210	-
Term loans from financial institutions:			
Religare Finvest Ltd.	Loans are secured against immovable properties of the associate company.	-	1,12,49,101
HDFC LTD	Loans are secured against immovable properties of the company.	-	4,27,85,967
Fulleton India Credit Company Limited	Loans are secured against immovable properties of the company.	-	8,43,98,705
Less - Current Maturities		-	(1,43,45,578)
Total - Term loans from financial institutions		-	12,40,88,195

Terms of Repayment

Note 1- Loan from ICICI Bank Ltd. is repayable in equal 180 monthly installments of Rs. 727727 and 80556 along with interest at 7.75% per annum.

Note 1- Loan from Yes Bank Ltd. is repayable in equal 180 monthly installments of Rs. 3,80,090 along with interest at 8.60% per annum.

Current Borrowings

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
From bank & Financial Institution:		
Secured		-
Unsecured		
Loan from Directors	2,37,89,000	1,83,60,000
Total	2,37,89,000	1,83,60,000

(a) Details of security provided in respect of the secured other than long-term borrowings:

Particulars	Security	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Overdraft from banks:			
Karnataka Bank Ltd.	Hypothecation of Stocks & Books Debts. Secured against immovable property of the Company	-	-
Total		-	-

Note 13: Other Equity**Retained Earnings**

Particulars	As at	March	As at	As at	As at	March
	31, 2021	31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019	31, 2018	31, 2018
Retained Earnings	6,26,14,996		6,87,77,890	7,62,20,181	10,62,28,007	10,62,28,007
General Reserve	93,44,382		93,44,382	93,44,382	93,44,382	93,44,382
Other Comprehensive Income	84,760		(1,07,790)	(1,35,910)	33,890	33,890
Closing Balance	7,20,44,138		7,80,14,482	8,54,28,653	11,56,06,279	
i) Retained Earnings						
Balance as at the beginning of the year		6,87,77,890	7,62,20,181	10,62,28,007	13,49,44,043	13,49,44,043
Add- Reversal of Depreciation upon change in useful life			-	-	-	-
Add- Income tax for the prior period				(32,40,355)		
Add- Profit for the current year	(61,62,892)		(74,42,291)	(2,67,67,471)	(2,87,16,036)	(2,87,16,036)
Net surplus in the statement of profit and loss account	6,26,14,996		6,87,77,890	7,62,20,181	10,62,28,007	
ii) General Reserve						
Balance as per last financial statements		93,44,382	93,44,382	93,44,382	93,44,382	93,44,382
Add-Addition during the year					-	-
Less-Utilized during the year					-	-
Closing Balance	93,44,382		93,44,382	93,44,382	93,44,382	
ii) Other Comprehensive Income						
Balance as per last financial statements	(1,07,790)		(1,35,910)	33,890	33,890	33,890
Add-Movement in OCI during the year	1,92,550.0		28,120	(1,69,800)	-	-
Closing Balance	84,760		(1,07,790)	(1,35,910)	33,890	

Note 15: Other Financial Liabilities (Non-Current)

Particulars	As at March 31,	As at	As at	As at	March
	2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019	31, 2018	31, 2018
Security deposits received	1,18,55,376	1,18,55,376	1,21,74,192	1,45,82,097	1,45,82,097
	1,18,55,376	1,18,55,376	1,21,74,192	1,45,82,097	

Note 16: Employee Benefit Obligation

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
	Current	Non - Current	Current	Non - Current
Provision for Bonus	-	-	-	-
Provision for Leave Encashment	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-

Note 17: Other Non-Current Liabilities

Particulars	As at	March	As at	As at	As at	March
	31, 2021	31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019	31, 2018	31, 2018
Deferred Rental Income	54,95,807		54,95,807	56,04,363	31,76,114	31,76,114
	54,95,807		54,95,807	56,04,363	31,76,114	

Note 18: Trade Payables

Particulars	As at March 31,	As at	As at	As at	March
	2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019	31, 2018	31, 2018
Due to Micro, Small & Medium enterprises (refer note no. 38)					-
Others	30,06,945	18,73,315	1,54,42,094	3,63,49,699	3,63,49,699
Total	30,06,945	18,73,315	1,54,42,094	3,63,49,699	

Note 19: Other Financial Liabilities (Current)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Current Maturities of Long Term Debt (Refer Note No. 14)	39,32,691	1,43,45,578	1,26,98,056	59,83,163
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	-	-	-	10,06,419
Other payables	3,92,558	7,93,740	12,34,176	24,75,261
Director's Remuneration payable	3,500	-	-	5,10,000
Bank Balance Overdrawn	1,42,62,152	-	-	21,46,165
Statutory Dues Payable	9,21,094	11,46,419	42,57,828	67,26,857
Total	1,95,11,995	1,62,85,737	1,81,90,060	1,88,47,865

Note 20: Other Current Liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Deferred Rental Income (Current)	9,60,132	9,60,132	9,60,132	9,80,476
Advance from Customers	-	7,66,496	3,50,005	50,06,015
Total	9,60,132	17,26,628	13,10,137	59,86,492

Note 21: Revenue from Operations

Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2020
Sale of products (Refer below Note i)	-	1,21,93,398
Rendering of Services (Refer below Note ii)	-	-
Total Revenue from Continuing Operations	-	1,21,93,398

Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2020
Note (i)		
Sale of products comprises:		
Garments, Yarn & Fabric	-	1,21,93,398
Total - Sale of products	-	1,21,93,398
Note (ii)		
Sale of Services comprises		
Renting Income & Boarding Charges	-	-
Jobwork & Processing Income	-	-
Total - Sale of Services	-	-

Note 22: Other Income

Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2020
Dividend Income	3,238	3,500
Interest Income		
- On Fixed Deposits	32,154	1,28,813
- Interest Income on Rental deposit	-	-
- Interest on Income Tax Refund	2,88,150	1,54,579
- On Loan	-	-
Profit on sale of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)	-	1,40,11,087
Lodging & Boarding Charges	-	-
Sales tax refund received	-	8,89,659
Liabilities no longer payable	-	-
Reversal of Provision for Expected Credit Loss	-	-
Rent Income	1,92,43,344	2,34,30,962
Others	-	6
	1,95,66,885	3,86,18,605

Note 23 : Cost of Materials Consumed

Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2020
Opening Stock	-	2,47,57,524
Add: Purchases	-	-
Less: Closing Stock	-	-
	-	2,47,57,524

Note 24: Purchase of Stock in trade

Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2020
Purchase of Stock in trade	-	-

Note 25: Changes in inventories of finished goods, Stock in Trade and work in progress

Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2020
Opening Balance		
Finished Goods	-	-
Total Opening Balance		-
Closing Balance		
Finished Goods	-	-
Total Closing Balance	-	-
Total Changes in inventories of finished goods, Stock-in -Trade and work-in-progress	-	-

Note 26: Employee Benefit Expense

Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2020
Salaries and Bonus	19,09,816	13,54,856
Director's Remuneration	6,65,000	12,00,000
Contribution to Provident Fund and Others welfare fund	4,500	11,500
Staff Welfare Expenses	12,300	-
Total	25,91,616	25,66,356

Note 27: Finance Cost

Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2020
Interest Expense		
-Borrowing	1,31,97,149	1,69,45,871
- Others	3,84,050	1,86,605
Other borrowing costs	11,14,377	6,51,510
Finance Cost expensed in Profit or Loss	1,46,95,576	1,77,83,986

Note 28: Depreciation and amortisation expenses

Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2020
Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment	18,46,672	21,01,508
Total Depreciation and amortisation expenses	18,46,672	21,01,508

Note 29: Other Expenses

Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2020
Annual listing fees	4,55,717	7,95,800
Advertisement expense	25,934	1,25,279
Rent Expenses	1,20,000	1,20,000
Repair & Maintenance - Others	5,93,388	7,78,368
Repair & Maintenance - Machinery	-	636
Subcontracting & Manufacturing Charges	-	-
Electricity Expenses	2,41,493	6,10,110
Rates & Taxes	16,10,568	20,92,358
Security Charges	-	-
Insurance	5,97,013	3,34,236
Loss on Sale/Discarded of Assets	46,089	-
Office & General Expenses	7,41,068	22,21,471
Water Charges	4,01,204	3,78,794
Professional Expenses	18,61,173	27,26,784
Brokerage charges	-	4,07,000
For Audit Fees	-	50,000
Travelling & Conveyance	66,680	-
Motor Car Expenses	64,129	3,45,776
Miscellaneous Expenses	1,97,961	58,308
Total	70,22,417	1,10,44,919

Note 31: Earning Per Share

Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2020
Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period	33,50,000	33,50,000
Weighted average number of Potential Equity shares outstanding during the year	33,50,000	33,50,000
Total number of Potential Equity Share for calculating Diluted Earning Per share	33,50,000	33,50,000
Net Profit \ (Loss) after tax available for equity shareholders	(59,70,342)	(75,64,491)
Basic Earning per share (in Rs.)	(1.78)	(2.26)
Diluted Earning per share (in Rs.)	(1.78)	(2.26)

Notes to financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2021

Note 30: Tax Expense

(a) Amounts recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18
Current tax expense (A)				
Current year	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax expense (B)				
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	4,26,503	-	(28,90,957)	65,75,011
Tax expense recognised in the income statement (A+B)	4,26,503	-	(28,90,957)	65,75,011

(b) Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income

Particulars	2019-20			2018-19	
	Before tax	Tax (expense)/ benefit	Net of tax	Before tax	Tax (expense)/ benefit
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss					
Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans					

(c) Reconciliation of effective tax rate

Particulars	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18
Profit before tax	(61,62,892)	(74,42,291)	(2,69,37,271)	3,01,89,442
Company's domestic tax rate	25.75%	25.75%	25.75%	25.75%
Tax using the Company's domestic tax rate	(15,86,945)	(19,16,390)	(69,36,347)	77,73,781
Tax effect of :				
Tax on exempt income	(645)	(515)	(515)	(193)
Tax Benefit	(11,67,617)	(11,67,617)	(11,67,617)	(11,67,617)
Tax on Provisions/Expenses disallowed	-	-	-	52,10,630
Tax on Difference of Depreciation	(4,26,503)	(2,00,987)	(2,00,987)	2,75,832
Others	-	(2,13,889)	(2,13,889)	(2,13,889)
Tax On Carried forward losses	36,67,506	34,99,397	49,82,681	49,82,681
Tax expense as per Statement of Profit & Loss	-	(0)	(35,36,674)	1,68,61,225.92
Effective tax rate	-	0.00	13.13	55.85

Ceenik Exports (India) Limited
Notes forming part to the Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2021

Note 31 : Segment Reporting

The Company's operating segments are established on the basis of those components that are evaluated regularly by the 'Chief Operating Decision Maker' as defined in Ind AS 108 - 'Operating Segments', in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. These have been identified taking into account nature of products and services, the differing risks and returns and the internal business reporting systems.

a) Primary (Business) Segment:

The Company has identified business segments as its primary segment, and there is no secondary segment. Business segments are primarily Garments Manufacturing and Investment in Realty & Securities. Revenues and expenses directly attributable to segments are reported under each reportable segment. Expenses which are not directly identifiable to each reportable segment have been allocated on the basis of associated revenues of the segment and manpower efforts. All other expenses which are not attributable or allocable to segments have been disclosed as unallocable expenses. Assets and liabilities that are directly attributable or allocable to segments are disclosed under each reportable segment. All other assets and liabilities are disclosed as unallocable. Fixed assets that are used interchangeably amongst segments are not allocated to primary and secondary segments.

Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2020
A. Segment Revenue		
1. Garments	-	121.93
2. Realty & Investments	195.67	386.19
Total Revenue	195.67	508.12
B. Segment Results		
1. Garments	(79.31)	(194.37)
2. Realty & Investments	162.30	296.57
Total	82.99	102.20
i) Interest Expenses	146.95	177.84
ii) Unallocable Expenditure net off income	-	-
iii) Exceptional items		
Total Profit Before Tax	(63.96)	(75.64)
Less: Tax Expenses	4.26	-
Total Profit After Tax	(59.70)	(75.64)
C. Segments Assets		
1. Garments	1,084.20	1,098.60
2. Realty & Investments	1,451.62	1,458.30
3. Unallocated	357.00	355.08
Total	2,892.82	2,911.98
D. Segment Liabilities		
1. Garments	1,329.65	1,345.75
2. Realty & Investments	134.09	141.75
3. Unallocated	1,429.08	1,424.48
Total	2,892.82	2,911.98

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Ceenik Exports (India) Limited
Notes forming part to the Financial Statement for the Period ended March 31, 2021

(Amount in Rs.)

Note 32: Disclosure regarding Related Party
Disclosures on Related party transactions

i) Nature and Relationship of Related Parties

a) Associates Company

- 1) Ceenik Enterprises Ltd.
- 2) Viking Advanced Technologies Private Limited
- 3) Niktin Properties & Estates Private Limited

b) Directors, Key Management Personnel & Relatives of KMP

- | | |
|---|-------------------------|
| 1) Mr. Narain Hingorani (Prop. of M/s Ceenik Fashion) | Managing Director |
| 2) Mrs. Kavita Hingorani (Prop. of M/s Septmeber Fashion) | Director |
| 3) Mrs. Roopa Teckchandani | Director |
| 4) Anshul Kukreja | Additional Director |
| 5) Mr. Mayank Agrawal | Company Secretary |
| 6) Dhondiram Karnale | Chief Financial Officer |
| 7) Mr. Nitin Hingorani | Relative of KMP |
| 8) Mrs. Chandra Hingorani | Relative of KMP |

ii) Transactions with Related Parties during the year

Relationship

a) Associates Company

Particulars	Nature of Transaction	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Viking Advanced Technologies Private Limited	Unsecured Loans Repaid	-	-
	Job work	-	-

Particulars	Nature of Transaction	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
b) Directors and Key Management Personnel			
Mr. Narain Hingorani	Director Remuneration	6,00,000	12,00,000
Ceenik Fashion	Reimbursement of Expenses /Payment on our behalf	-	-
Key management personal	salary	6,45,832	4,46,598

c) Relative of KMP

Particulars	Nature of Transaction	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
September Fashion	Reimbursement of exp	37,75,448	27,89,597
Mrs. Kavita Hingorani	Rent Paid	1,20,000	1,20,000

iii) Closing Outstanding Balances of Related Parties

Relationship	Nature	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Ceenik Fashion	Unsecured Loan	2,03,59,000	1,64,25,000
	Reimbursement of exp (Payable)	(13,34,006)	(21,79,425)
Mr. Narain Hingorani	Director Remuneration	3,500	-
Mrs. Kavita Hingorani	Rent Payable	20,400	1,44,800
September Fashion	Reimbursement of exp (Payable)	-	(2,32,362)
	Unsecured Loan	19,35,000	19,35,000
Viking Advanced Technologies Private Limited	Advance given for Job work	-	-
	Investment in Share Capital	3,19,00,000	3,19,00,000
	Unsecured Loan	-	-
	Sale of Business	1,84,83,586	1,84,83,586
Niktin Properties & Estates Pvt Ltd.	Investment in Share Capital	34,20,000	34,20,000

Note 1: Related Parties as disclosed by Management and relied upon by auditors.

Ceenik Exports (India) Limited
Notes forming part to the Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2021
(Amount in Rs.)

Note 33: Post Employment Benefit Plans

Defined Contribution Plans

The Company makes provident fund and Employees Insurance Scheme Contribution plan for qualifying employees. Under the Schemes, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of the payroll costs to fund the benefits.

Amount recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	2020-21	2019-20
Contribution to Provident fund and others	4,500	6,000
Contribution to ESI	-	-

Defined Benefit Plans

As certified by the Management there is no obligation in respect of gratuity and leave encashment during the year

Note 34 : Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management (continued)**C. Financial Risk Management****C.i. Risk management framework**

A wide range of risks may affect the Company's business and operational / financial performance. The risks that could have significant influence on the Company are market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's Board of Directors reviews and sets out policies for managing these risks and monitors suitable actions taken by management to minimise potential adverse effects of such risks on the company's operational and financial performance.

C.ii. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances. To manage this, the Company periodically assesses financial reliability of customers, taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends and analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of accounts receivable. The maximum exposure to credit risk in case of all the financial instruments covered below is restricted to their respective carrying amount.

(a) Trade and other receivables from customers

Credit risk in respect of trade and other receivables is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business.

The Company considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk on an on-going basis through each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk the Company compares the risk of default occurring on assets as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information such as:

- i) Actual or expected significant adverse changes in business
- ii) Actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the counterparty
- iii) Financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the counterparties ability to meet its obligation
- iv) Significant changes in the value of the collateral supporting the obligation or in the quality of third party guarantees or credit enhancements

Financial assets are written off when there is a no reasonable expectations of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Company. When loans or receivables have been written off, the Company continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due, When recoverable are made, these are recognised as income in the statement of profit and loss.

The Company measures the expected credit loss of trade receivables and loan from individual customers based on historical trend, industry practices and the business environment in which the entity operates. Loss rates are based on actual credit loss experience and past trends. Based on the historical data, loss on collection of receivable is not material hence no additional provision considered.

Ageing of Accounts receivables :

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
0 - 6 months	-	
Beyond 6 months	14,75,704	14,75,704
Total	14,75,704	14,75,704

Ceenik Exports (India) Limited
Notes forming part to the Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2021

Note 35 : Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management

A. Accounting classification and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

31st March 2021	Mandatorily at FVTPL	FVTOCI - designated as such	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets								
Investments in Equity Instruments	-	3,80,700		3,80,700	3,80,700	-	-	3,80,700
Other Financial Assets		-	75,64,563	75,64,563	-	-	-	-
Trade receivables	-	-	14,75,704	14,75,704	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	38,23,689	38,23,689	-	-	-	-
Bank Balances other than Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	2,43,311	2,43,311	-	-	-	-
	-	3,80,700	1,31,07,267	1,34,87,967	3,80,700	-	-	3,80,700
Financial liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	11,91,19,210	11,91,19,210	-	-	-	-
Trade Payables	-	-	30,06,945	30,06,945	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	3,13,67,371	3,13,67,371	-	-	-	-
	-	15,34,93,526.00	15,34,93,526	15,34,93,526	-	-	-	-

(Amount in Rs.)

31st March 2020	Mandatorily at FVTPL	FVTOCI - designated as such	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets								
Investments in Equity Instruments	-	1,88,150		1,88,150	1,88,150	-	-	1,88,150
Other Financial Assets		-	75,64,563	75,64,563	-	-	-	-
Trade receivables	-	-	17,14,616	17,14,616	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	17,08,897	17,08,897	-	-	-	-
Bank Balances other than Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	12,27,240	12,27,240	-	-	-	-
	-	1,88,150	1,22,15,316	1,24,03,466	1,88,150	-	-	1,88,150
Financial liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	12,40,88,195	12,40,88,195	-	-	-	-
Trade Payables	-	-	18,73,315	18,73,315	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	2,81,41,113	2,81,41,113	-	-	-	-
	-	15,41,02,623.46	15,41,02,623	15,41,02,623	-	-	-	-

31st March 2019	Mandatorily at FVTPL	FVTOCI - designated as such	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets								
Investments in Equity Instruments	-	3,10,350	3,53,20,000	3,56,30,350	3,10,350	-	-	3,10,350
Other Financial Assets	-	-	74,41,575	74,41,575	-	-	-	-
Trade receivables	-	-	1,30,80,465	1,30,80,465	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	9,27,676	9,27,676	-	-	-	-
Bank Balances other than Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	46,31,529	46,31,529	-	-	-	-
	-	3,10,350	6,14,01,245	6,17,11,595	3,10,350	-	-	3,10,350
Financial liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	15,96,92,604	15,96,92,604	-	-	-	-
Trade Payables	-	-	1,54,42,094	1,54,42,094	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	3,03,64,252	3,03,64,252	-	-	-	-
	-	-	20,54,98,950	20,54,98,950	-	-	-	-

(Amount in Rs.)

31st March 2018	Carrying amount				Fair value			
	Mandatorily at FVTPL	FVTOCI - designated as such	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets								
Investments in Equity Instruments	-	4,80,150	3,53,20,000	3,58,00,150	4,80,150	-	-	4,80,150
Other Financial Assets	-	-	1,00,05,515	1,00,05,515	-	-	-	-
Trade receivables	-	-	2,08,85,700	2,08,85,700	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	7,94,312	7,94,312	-	-	-	-
Bank Balances other than Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	2,98,716	2,98,716	-	-	-	-
	-	4,80,150	6,73,04,243	6,77,84,393	4,80,150	-	-	4,80,150

Financial liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	14,68,17,813	14,68,17,813	-	-	-	-
Trade Payables	-	-	3,63,49,699	3,63,49,699	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	3,34,29,962	3,34,29,962	-	-	-	-
	-	-	21,65,97,473	21,65,97,473	-	-	-	-

31st March 2017	Carrying amount				Fair value			
	Mandatorily at FVTPL	FVTOCI - designated as such	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets								
Investments in Equity Instruments	-	2,53,325	3,53,20,000	3,55,73,325	2,53,325	-	-	2,53,325
Other Financial Assets	-	-	92,67,348	92,67,348	-	-	-	-
Trade receivables	-	-	1,92,24,864	1,92,24,864	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	1,02,44,512	1,02,44,512	-	-	-	-
Bank Balances other than Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	5,90,930	5,90,930	-	-	-	-
	-	2,53,325	7,46,47,653	7,49,00,978	2,53,325	-	-	2,53,325

Financial liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	15,29,05,677	15,29,05,677	-	-	-	-
Trade Payables	-	-	2,22,62,850	2,22,62,850	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	1,22,74,034	1,22,74,034	-	-	-	-
	-	-	18,74,42,561	18,74,42,561	-	-	-	-

1st April 2016	Carrying amount				Fair value			
	Mandatorily at FVTPL	FVTOCI - designated as such	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets								
Investments in Equity Instruments	-	2,94,032	3,53,20,000	3,56,14,032	2,94,032	-	-	2,94,032
Other Financial Assets	-	-	85,93,659	85,93,659	-	-	-	-
Trade receivables	-	-	2,55,68,565	2,55,68,565	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	61,22,159	61,22,159	-	-	-	-
Bank Balances other than Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	2,78,011	2,78,011	-	-	-	-
	-	2,94,032	7,58,82,394	7,61,76,426	2,94,032	-	-	2,94,032

Financial liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	7,36,85,207	7,36,85,207	-	-	-	-
Trade Payables	-	-	2,24,04,956	2,24,04,956	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	7,70,29,867	7,70,29,867	-	-	-	-
	-	-	17,31,20,030	17,31,20,030	-	-	-	-

B. Measurement of fair values

Valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs

The Fair Value of the Financial Assets & Liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The following tables show the valuation techniques used in measuring Level 2 and Level 3 fair values, for financial instruments measured at fair value in the statement of financial position, as well as the significant unobservable inputs used.

Financial instruments measured at fair value

Type	Valuation Technique	Significant unobs	Inter-relationship between significant
Mutual Funds	The fair values of investments in Mutual fund units is based on the net asset value ("NAV") as stated by the issuers of these mutual fund units in the published statements as at Balance Sheet date. NAV represents the price at which the issuer will issue further units of mutual fund and the price at which issuers will redeem such units from the investors	Not applicable	Not applicable
Non current financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost	Discounted cash flows: The valuation model considers the present value of expected receipt/payment discounted using appropriate discounting rates.	Not applicable	Not applicable

Ceenik Exports (India) Limited
Notes forming part to the Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2021

Note 35 : Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management (continued)

C.iii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or
Liquidity risk is managed by Company through effective fund management of the Company's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management
The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted.

Maturity Analysis of Significant Financial Liabilities

	(Amount in Rs.)			
31st March 2021	Total	Upto 1 year	1-5 years	More than 5 years
Borrowings (including current maturities)	16,11,03,052	48,99,363	1,99,57,894	13,62,45,795
Trade and other payables	30,06,945	30,06,945	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	1,96,28,468	4,87,721	-	1,91,40,747
				(Amount in Rs.)
31st March 2020	Total	Upto 1 year	1-5 years	More than 5 years
Borrowings (including current maturities)	15,67,93,773	1,43,45,578	4,25,22,328	9,99,25,867
Trade and other payables	18,73,315	18,73,315	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	2,02,51,474	4,08,840	64,55,938	1,33,86,696
				(Amount in Rs.)
31st March 2019	Total	Upto 1 year	1-5 years	More than 5 years
Borrowings (including current maturities)	17,23,90,660	5,17,04,320	4,55,72,018	7,51,14,322
Trade and other payables	1,54,42,094	1,54,42,094	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	1,76,66,196	97,01,247	54,92,004	24,72,945
				(Amount in Rs.)
31st March 2018	Total	Upto 1 year	1-5 years	More than 5 years
Borrowings (including current maturities)	15,28,00,975	3,47,25,192	3,31,38,505	8,49,37,278
Trade and other payables	3,63,49,699	3,63,49,699	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	2,74,46,799	1,47,35,026	1,02,38,828	24,72,945
				(Amount in Rs.)
31st March 2017	Total	Upto 1 year	1-5 years	More than 5 years
Borrowings (including current maturities)	15,89,64,879	3,56,97,446	2,92,08,830	9,40,58,603.22
Trade and other payables	2,22,62,850	2,22,62,850	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	2,10,91,612	94,25,692	-	1,16,65,920
				(Amount in Rs.)
1st April 2016	Total	Upto 1 year	1-5 years	More than 5 years
Borrowings (including current maturities)	14,55,38,402	9,44,18,018	1,92,55,032.00	3,18,65,352.00
Trade and other payables	2,24,04,956	2,24,04,956	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	73,02,824	61,45,710	11,57,113	-

Ceenik Exports (India) Limited
Notes forming part to the Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2021

Note 35 : Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management (continued)

C.iv. Market risk

Market Risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

C.iv.a Currency risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk on account of its operating and financing activities. The functional currency

Foreign Currency risk exposure

The group exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of reporting period are as follow

Particular	Foreign Currency	As at march 31,2021	
		In Foreign Currency	In Rs.
Trade Receivable *	USD	-	-

Particular	Foreign Currency	As at march 31,2020	
		In Foreign Currency	In Rs.
Trade Receivable *	USD	-	-

Particular	Foreign Currency	As at march 31,2019	
		In Foreign Currency	In Rs.
Trade Receivable *	USD	-	-

Particular	Foreign Currency	As at march 31,2018	
		In Foreign Currency	In Rs.
Trade Receivable *	USD	-	-

*** Balance written off during the year ended 31st March 2018**

Particular	Foreign Currency	As at march 31,2017	
		In Foreign Currency	In Rs.
Trade Receivable	USD	11201.38	5,75,548

Particular	Foreign Currency	As at 1st April,2016	
		In Foreign Currency	In Rs.
Trade Receivable	USD	11201.38	5,75,548

Note 36 : Capital Management

The Company aims to manage its capital efficiently so as to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern and to optimise returns to its shareholders. Management monitors the return on capital as well as the debt equity ratio and make necessary adjustments in the capital structure for the development of the business. The capital structure of the Company is based on management's judgement of the appropriate balance of key elements in order to meet its strategic and day - to - day needs. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

The Company's debt to equity ratio at 31st March,2021 1.39, 31st March, 2020 is 1.16 and at 31st March, 2019 1.73 (At 31st March, 2018 was 1.02; 31st March 2017 0.89 and 1st April, 2016: 0.75)

Note : For the purpose of computing debt to equity ratio, equity includes Equity share capital and Other Equity and Debt includes Long term borrowings, Short term borrowings and current maturities of long term borrowings.

Note 37 : Contingent Liability-

- 1) Company has filed an appeal against Income tax demand of Rs. 4.95 lacs related to F.Y 2013-14.
- 2) Demand of Service tax of Rs. 3.43 lacs related to F.Y 2007-08 to till 2010-11 Pending at lower authority for

Note 38 :

There is no availability of information about the amount dues to small/micro undertaking, we are unable to comment that the interest if any is due to such undertaking or not.

Note 39 :

Balances are relied upon as per books of accounts wherever the confirmations from debtors /creditors /Loans /Advances are not available.

Note 40:

Previous year figures have been regrouped and rearranged wherever necessary to confirm with the current year presentation.

For J.S. Uberoi & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Ceenik Exports (India) Limited

CA Bharat Jeswani
Partner
Mem No: 142376

Mr. Narain Hingorani
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN - 00275453

Mrs. Kavita Hingorani
Director
DIN - 00275442

Place : Nagpur
Date:28/06/2021